The Columbian

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Bloomsburg Official Directory.

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Bloomsburg Directory.

PAPER BAGS just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

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CLOTHING, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Main st., 2d door above American House.

WM. MORRIS, Merchant Tailor corner of Centre and Main sts., over Miller's store.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

P. LUTZ, Druggist and Apothecary. Main st. below the Post Office.

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HENRY ZUPPINGER, Watches, Spectacles & Jewelry &c., Main Street near West st.

C. E. SAVAGE, dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the American House.

LOUIS BERNHARD, Watch and Clock maker near southeast corner Main and Iron sts.

R. CATHCART, Watch and Clock Maker, Market Street, below Main.

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E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market Streets, in the old Post Office.

DAVID RETZ, Boot and Shoemaker, Main st. below Hartman's store, west of Market.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., Main street, East Bloomsburg.

C. M. BROWN, Boot and Shoemaker, Main street, under Brown's Hotel,

PROFESSIONAL.

D R. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician, Exchange Block over Welch's book store.

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C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Clock."

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J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, south side Main street, below Market.

J. C. RUTTER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician Market street, above Main.

J. R. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main street.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

E. PETERMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, opposite Episcopal Church, Main st,

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, Milliner, Ramsey building Main street.

MISS M. DERRICKSON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below Market.

MRS. E. KLINE, Millinery and Fancy Goods Main street below Market.

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, Ladies' Cloaks and Dress Patterns, southeast corner Main and West sts.

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FORKS HOTEL, by T. Bent, Taylor, east end of Main street.

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C. C. MARR, Dry Goods and Notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts.

D. A. BECKLEY, Boot and Shoe store, books & stationery, Main st., below Market.

E. JACOBS, Confectionery, groceries etc., Main st., below Iron

FOX & WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main st., above Court House.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provision, &c., Main and Iron Streets.

M'KELVY, NEAL & CO., dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, etc., S. E. cor. Main and Market sts.

C. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Flour, Salt, Shoes, Notions, etc., Main st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONSTABLES BLANKS for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk & Harness-maker, Shive's Block Main Street.

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts.

E. J. THORNTON, Wall Paper, Window Shades and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st.

G. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three story brick, Main Street, west of Market st.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Robbins & Eyer's Store, Main st.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Chemberlin's alley, rear of American House.

R. H. RINGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, at G. W. Corell's furniture rooms

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

WM. RAHL, dealer in furniture, trunks, cedar willow ware, near the Forks Hotel.

C. FOSTER, time Maker, and White and Fancy Tanner, Scottown.

E. B. BIDLEMAN, Agent for Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod.

NOTE BOOKS, and blank NOTES, with or without exemption, for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

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H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House.

JOHN A. OMAN, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes

R. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tin ware in all its branches.

PETER ENT, Miller, and dealer in all kinds of Grain, Flour, Feed, &c. All kinds of Grain purchased.

Espy.

B. F. REIGHARD, & BRO. dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, and general Merchandise.

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILLS, C.S. Fowler, Proprietor.

J. D. WERKHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manufactory, shop on Main Street opposite the Steam Mill.

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufacturing.

Orangeville Directory.

A. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main st., below Pine.

D. BOWER & HERRING, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Lumber and geberal Merchandise, Main st.

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment Saloon, by Robt M'Henry est. of Main and Pine st.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon Main st., next door to Good's Hotel.

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and dealer in grain, Mill Street.

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, Main st., below Pine.

SCHUYLER & CO., Iron founders, Machinists, and Manufacturers of plows, Mill st.

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle, Main st.

WILLIAM DELONG Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine

Catawissa.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St. Robbins' Building.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician Second St., below Main.

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main street

J. B. KISTLER, "Cattawissa House," North Corner Main and Second Streets.

L. KEILER, Billard Saloon, Oysters, and Ice Cream in season Main st.

M. M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise Dry Goods, Groceries &c.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbader Proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street.

W. H. ABBOTT, Attorney at law, Main St.

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Philadelphia Directory.

RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, JR.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NO. 128 SOUTH SIXTH STREET,
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jan. 17-1y

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A. L. TURNER
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE over Lutz's Drug Store. Residence Market Street, 1st door below Rev. D. J. Waller. dec6'70.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. Bloomsburg Pa. sep.29'67

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Main Street below the Court House Bloomsburg Penn'a.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office, Bloomsburg Pa.

VETERINARY.
AUGUST FRIEND,
late from Germany, offers his services to the public as a celebrated
HORSE AND COW DOCTOR,
and all other animals, for which his charges are moderate. He can always be found east side of Berwick road, nearly H. Jacoby's Marble Yard, Bloomsburg, May 12, 1871-1y.

E. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment. mar.5,'69-tf Main St., below Market.

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CLARK M. BROWN,
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A full and complete assortment of ready-made boots and shoes for men, women and children just received and for sale at reasonable rates. Varieties to suit all classes of customers. The best of work done at short notice, as heretofore. Give him a call. [jan'71.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.
ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,
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A large assortment of Stoves, Heaters and Ranges constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.
Tinning in all its branches carefully attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Tin work of all kinds wholesale and retail. A trial is requested.
Jan 1'71

NEW COAL YARD.
THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Bloomsburg and Columbia county, that they keep all the different numbers of stove coal and selected lump coal for smithing purposes, on their wharf, adjoining M'Kelvy, Neal & Co's Furnace; with a good pair of Buffalo scales on the wharf, to weigh coal, hay, and straw likewise a horse and wagon, to deliver coal to those who desire it. As they purchase a large amount of coal they intend to keep a supply of article, and sell at the very lowest prices. Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.
J. W. HENDERSHOT,
AUGUSTUS MASON.
Bloomsburg Mar. 19,'69-1y.

THE undersigned will take in exchange for Coal and Groceries, the following named articles:—Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Lard, Ham, Shoulder, and clear meat, Butter Eggs, Hay, &c., at the highest cash prices, at his Grocery Store, adjoining their coal yard,
J. W. HENDERSHOT.
Bloomsburg Mar. 19,'69-1y.

RARE CHANCE.
FOR SALE—A second-hand "Arion" piano-forte, price $375, cost $500. This superbe instrument was bought at an auction sale of private property in New York, and had been but a few weeks in use. It is in *perfect* order and in every respect equal to a new piano. Terms positively cash in advance. Address for one week,
C. W. FOSTER,
may 26'71—tf Manch Chunk, Pa.

CURLING CREAM.
By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. This is the only article that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give to it a beautiful appearance. It also invigorates, beautifies and cleanses. It can be so applied as to cause the hair to curl any length of time desired. Sent by mail for 50 cts. a package. Address
ALFRED TOWNSLEY,
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Neatly and Cheaply Printed
From the Latest Styles of Type at
COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

Poetical.

For the Columbian

Lines.

BY TILLIE LAUBACH.

"Sweet sister, thy brow is like marble so waxen
Say, where are the roses that were once thy delight?
And where is the joy of thy lovely eye?
They're faded and gone, sweet sister say why?"

"The roses on my cheeks, like the flowers of May,
When scorched by the sun they all faded away,
And the joy that once sparkled bright in my eye,
Was chased by sadness, but I may not say why?"

"Sweet sister, of the smiles that once dimpled thy face,
Save in memory's album, I behold not a trace,
And thy voice, that once with the waters did vie,
They're silent and gone, O, pray tell me why?"

"I took of the violet, why droop'st thy head?
Of the broken flower, say why art thou dead?
Perhaps, they once break the mystical spell,
And, O sister, ask me not to tell."

"Then tell me, dear sister, will I too grow so?
Will everything wither that makes me so glad?
That all is transient beneath the blue sky,
Sister, sweet sister, Oh, pray tell me why?"

"Love is not transient, and you never may know
The grief that now withers thy sister's pure brow;
But fate, alas! is a mysterious spell;
Sister, cherub sister, I indeed cannot tell.

Miscellaneous.

From Wood's Household Magazine.

BEGINNING RIGHT:
A Story for Young Wives.

BY EPHA MANSFIELD.

'You look proper tired, Mary. Don't you think you had better lie down a little while?'

'I will if you will carry my baby into the bedroom for me,' replied the pale-faced, sad-looking little woman.

'You don't feel very strong, yet, do you Mary?' tenderly asked Aunt Hannah, as she laid the infant in her niece's arms and carefully spread a blanket over them. 'You mus'n't go to gittin' low-spirited. We'll have you na'sed up so that you won't look like the same woman in a few days.'

'I hope so,' Mrs. Fiske replied, in a trembling voice. 'Do you expect mother and Jane back soon?' she asked, and she drew the blanket over her head, under pretence of screening her babe from the chill of the morn. But Aunt Hannah saw that there were tears on her cheeks; and she knew that it was to hide them that the blanket was drawn up. She answered:

'They'll be here in an hour or two: and you must try to get a good nap 'fore you see 'em.'

Aunt Hannah heard a faint sob as she stepped out of the room. She said to herself:—

'There 'tis ag'in! Another couple has started on the wrong track, and everything 'll go wrong till they git on the right one. Fred Fiske is a tyrant, I know; and I allers thought he would be; and she, poor, little, meek-faced thing, dar'sn't say her soul's her own. She didn't *begin right*. I've told her mother a good many times that I believed somethin' was goin' wrong with Mary. She allers answers: 'The wear and tear of her three babies does seem to be 'most too much for her!' Strange, Tilda can't see that its taken somethin' besides the babies to bring that dismal expression over Mary's face. I've seen a good many young wives go down just as she is goin', in my time. They'd look sad and mope a few years, then they'd begin to cough, and they'd go right straight down. Things are terribly out of j'int, somehow, or 'twouldn't be so. I don't believe there's a single speck more need on't than there is of dumb critters goin' so. They seem wonderful happy when their young are 'round them; and it seems to me that human critters ought to be. I can't stand it to see Mary look so wilted and crushed. Somethin' must be done. I must talk to her mother once more about it.'

It is a favorable opportunity, while Aunt Hannah is watching for her brother's wife's return to give the reader a short history of the good old lady, and of others who have been introduced in this story.

Hannah White is a rare woman. She is a single lady, sixty years of age; and she resides with her brother, Richard White, the father of Mrs. Fiske. Deprived by death of her father when she was only twelve years old (the eldest of six children) and left with a very feeble mother, nearly the whole care of the household fell upon her at that early age. Her opportunities for getting an education were very limited. In fact, she never went to school one day after her father's death. But her cheerful disposition, good common sense, and eminently good judgment, made her a welcome visitor to all of her acquaintance, in spite of her homely way of expressing herself.

Mr. White and his wife were both well-pleased when Frederick Fiske asked permission to woo their Mary. Aunt Hannah was not; but she did not think best to express her thoughts about him, as she really could bring no distinct charge against him. Still, she had very positive opinions in regard to him.

Frederick Fiske respected himself, exceedingly. He meant to be respected by every one else. Why shouldn't he be? He was industrious and enterprising; and no one could accuse him of any moral deliquency. And was he not always calm and self-possessed?—so discreet and so reticent that it did not seem that an earthquake could shake an unguarded word from his lips? He was principal of the High School in the village in which he resided; and he was spoken of as a good teacher and a very promising young man. Aunt Hannah never spoke against him (except to herself) when people were complimenting him and congratulating her brother and his wife on the good fortune of their daughter; but she would say to herself:

'I've seen young men like him before. They make hard husbands to git along with. They allers want their wives to feel the crushin' weight of their dignity. Fiske, probably, never'll say a rough, hard word to any woman, but he'll so manage, his wife'll feel as much in bondage in a short time as any slave ever did. Mary will soon learn that all he requires of her in regard to thinkin' is to think just as he thinks, if she thinks at all. Such kind of men call women blue-stockin's and strong-minded, if they read and try to know somethin'; and, if they don't, they call 'em weak-minded and frivolous. They find fault with 'em if they do, and they despise them if they don't. Thank the Lord! all men don't feel so; but there's enough of 'em to raise the mischief with a great many women, and they, in their turn, raise the mischief with a great many more; for such wives (if they don't sink down and die young) are apt to grow hard and bitter after awhile, and then they're down on *all* the men, and they think that *all* women are abused; and they git a great many women to feelin' discontented who have no just cause for feelin' so.'

Aunt Hannah felt sure, that morning, that her fears had proved true. She met her sister-in-law at the gate and told her that Mary was there, and was then lying down, 'and I hope she has gone to sleep,' she added. 'I want to have a talk with you 'fore she wakes up. Trouble of some kind is wearin' the dear child out, you may depend on't. We must help her out of this 'slough of despond' or she'll sink out of our sight 'fore we know it. Fred. Fiske couldn't quite kill me with his lordliness, but I'm re'ly afraid he will her.'

'Why, Hannah!' exclaimed Mrs. White, 'Frederick never seems unkind to Mary, and she never complains about him.'

'I presume she never does. She isn't one of the complainin' sort. But you must have noticed how she lowers her voice and speaks hardly above a whisper when he is in, and how worried and anxious she looks if everything is not in its place; or if the little girls make any noise when he is readin'. You know, Tilda, she is a great deal more as she used to be when he is out of the house. Why should a wife stand in such awe of her husband? What a wretched household it'll be, by-and-by, if they keep on in this way.'

'You really alarm me,' said Mrs. White.

'You have reason to be alarmed,' Aunt Hannah replied. 'Mary is lookin' quite too pale, thin and discouraged. But, it is not entirely Fred's fault, that things are, as they are. Mary didn't *begin right*. It would have been wise for her to do as she has done if she had married a man whose turn of mind was entirely different from Fred's. But with a man of his stamp she could hardly have done worse for herself.'

'Why, what has she done?'

'You know, Tilda, that before she was married she was very fond of her studies, and was considered quite as good a scholar as Fred, and he seemed quite proud of it. She should allers have kept him feelin' so. But as soon as she was married she dropped all her studies, and gave all her time to domestic duties, and depended upon Fred to tell her all that she wanted to know. When a woman is as meek and quiet as Mary is, and a man is natur'ly as self-confident and domineerin' as Fred is, it is easy enough to see beforehand what such a course would result in. He tells her what he thinks is best for her to know; and it's evident he don't think it's necessary for her to know anything outside of household matters. He knows enough for both, so she needn't trouble herself with anything outside of her sphere. Doesn't he give honor unto the wife as unto the weaker vessel? I wonder what good, old Saint Peter would have said to such an interpretation. Don't you see, Tilda, that she begun wrong?'

'Perhaps she did; but she never has had spare time for studying.'

'She never will have so long as she puts three ruffles on the skirts of her little girls' every-day dresses, and spends every spare minute for a whole month in embroiderin' a baby's blanket. The children aint a speck better off for it, but they would be, by-and-by, if she should study, now.'

'You are right, no doubt. But Frederick always wants the children dressed tastefully; and he wants the house in perfect order, always; and it does seem—Hark! I believe I hear the baby. I presume she'll be right out with him.'

'I'll go and bring the baby out,' said Aunt Hannah. 'She don't look as if she had strength enough to lift a kitten.'

Mrs. White threw aside her bonnet and shawl and followed Aunt Hannah. She went directly to the bed and kissed her daughter. Mary threw her arms around her mother's neck, and said:

'I'm so glad you come home once more.'

'We are quite as glad to have you come, I assure you,' Mrs. White replied; 'and we must get up something special in honor of the occasion. Just think of it, sister Hannah, this is my first visit from my first grandson.'

Mrs. White was one of those women who have the faculty—and a most blessed faculty it is—of conversing cheerfully whenever the occasion demands. But she did not feel cheerful just then, for she saw that there was a red circle around her daughter's eyes, and that she was still struggling to keep down the rising sobs.

Five minutes afterward Mrs. Fiske sat before the fire in her mother's sitting-room. Her sister Jane sat by her side holding her little nephew and talking baby talk to him, while Mrs. White and Aunt Hannah busied themselves getting dinner. In the intervals of the lullabying and there-thereing to the baby, Aunt Hannah caught snatches of conversation between the sisters, as she passed to and fro, that confirmed her in her surmises and filled her righteous soul of indignation. Mrs. White, also, heard enough to deepen the anxiety which she already felt, and to bring a shade of sadness over her countenance. Jane had never seen her nephew before. She looked at his eyes and talked of their size, shape and color; she commented upon each feature of his face. She said his mouth was like the Fiske's—his chin like his mother's, and she declared that his hands were shaped precisely like his grand-father White's.

'What do you think about him, Mary? Which side of the house do you think he resembles?' she asked.

'I hardly know,' Mrs. Fiske replied, in a dull, languid way, 'but most people think he looks very much like his father.'

'Of course that is pleasing to you,' Jane said, 'for I remember that you used to pride yourself a good deal in his fine looks. You are very fortunate in your children. With so fine a boy as this, and two beautiful little girls, you must be very happy.'

As Jane looked up for some response to her remarks, she was startled at the woe-begone look Mrs. Fiske wore, and she exclaimed:

'Why, what's the matter, Mary? How dejected you look! Was it too much for you riding up here?'

'It fatigued me some, I suppose. But that's nothing new. I am weary all of the time. It is strange, Jane, that girls can't know when they are well off. If you are not engaged to Herbert Ives, you'd better take warning and stay where you are. Now, you can come and go when you please—attend a lecture, or go out making calls, or stay at home, just as you fancy; and you have no fears, if you are pleased with yourself, but what everybody else is pleased. But, if you get married, you will want to please your husband, and take good care of your children, if you are so fortunate or unfortunate as to have them, and that makes a slave of a woman.'

'Why, sister Mary!' said Jane, opening her eyes wide with astonishment. 'What would Frederick think to hear you make such remarks? Seems to me, he wouldn't feel very highly complimented; and the dear babies, if they could understand you, wouldn't think they were very highly prized. I always supposed that mothers, when they were rearing their families, had a great many cares and anxieties, and that, if they were not quite wealthy, they had to work pretty hard: but I thought that it was cheerful service—a labor of love, and that they had a great deal of happiness, notwithstanding their cares.'

'Oh, of course you can't understand it, yet; nor you never will till you learn it by experience. When you have been married half a dozen years, you will view things very differently from what you do now.'

'May be I shall,' Jane replied, 'but I can't think that all wives and mothers feel as you do. This world would be a pretty wretched place if they did. I think I should be about ready to take my departure, I am sure that our mother never felt as you are feeling.'

Mrs. Fiske sighed and made no reply. No doubt, the thoughts of the contrast between her mother's feelings and her own, drew that sigh forth. Mrs. White whispered to Aunt Hannah in the buttery:

'What an awful state of things there must be between her and Fred! What will it end in? I beg you to stay at home from the lecture this evening, and have a thorough talk with her, while the rest of us are gone. I'd rather trust you than myself. You never make bad matters worse.'

At half-past seven most of the family had gone to the lecture; and Aunt Hannah and Mrs. Fiske were sitting together in Aunt Hannah's chamber. Everything in that chamber seemed cheerful and cozy, and suggestive of comfort to Mrs. Fiske. It seemed to her, that evening, that she would always like to stay there. The joys of her childhood had always been shared with Aunt Hannah, in that room, and her tears had been wiped away there. She said with a half-sigh:

'How happy you are, and always have been, haven't you, Aunt Hannah?'

'For the most part I have been pretty happy,' Aunt Hannah replied, 'but I have not lived without my cares. You have often heard your father tell how much was put upon me when I was only twelve years old—more than I knew how to get along with; but, even then, I was not really unhappy. It don't seem to me that you ought to be unhappy, Mary, but I'm afraid you are. When you was a girl, at home, you allers let me talk to you just as I pleased. You'll let me have the same privilege to-night, won't you? I've been achin' to have a real out-and-out talk with you for a whole year; but I've been puttin' it off, hopin' that you'd find your own way out of your troubles.'

'Why, what do you mean, Aunt Hannah?' asked Mrs. Fiske, in a surprised tone. 'You never heard me complain of having trouble, did you? Perhaps you overheard me talking to Jane, this morning, about the cares and anxieties of young married women. For my part I can't see how any woman could get along with the care of a house and three children without feeling tired out, and, at times, utterly discouraged. I suppose that you will tell me that my mother didn't feel so when she had six children to do for. But things are different now from what they were then. Fashions are such people can't do as they used to do. Then, father is one of those easy, good-natured mortals who are not annoyed if things do get a little topsy-turvy sometimes. I can remember when he used to fly around and set back the chairs, and pick up the children's playthings if he saw some one coming in. He would always say to mother, Never mind, folks must expect some litter where half a dozen children are. I don't think there are many men like him in that respect. Frederick is very differently constituted. (*I rather think he is*, Aunt Hannah said to herself). It annoys him exceedingly if everything is not in perfect order. And I can assure you, Aunt Hannah, it takes all my time and strength to keep things so. I hardly find time to look in a book or newspaper, and I feel as if I was forgetting all that I ever learned. Men go and come when they please—find time to read the newspapers every day; and they don't seem much more tied up than they did before they had families.'

Aunt Hannah had started right. She had led Mrs. Fiske to make just such remarks as she wanted her to make. The way was open for Aunt Hannah to say what she wanted to say in reply. She was too shrewd and too judicious to complain to any wife about her husband; for she knew that any true wife would bear it better to be told of her own faults, than to be told of her husband's. She said:

'I have seen so many young wives and mothers situated just as you are, and feeling just as you do, I understand all about it. Such women begin wrong, and git everything in their households to goin' wrong, and then they groan all the rest of their days for what they have brought upon themselves. The fact is, Mary, you commenced to spoil Fred as soon as you was married, and if you don't turn right about you'll finish the job, and very likely ruin your children; and do a vast deal of harm to your own sex, besides.'

Mrs. Fiske no longer looked dull or pale. Her face was flushed and her eyes were wide open. She was thoroughly aroused. She exclaimed:

'I spoil my husband, and ruin my children! I do harm to my own sex! Really, that needs some explanation. If any one else had said that to me I should feel indignant. But you, Aunt Hannah—you can't mean anything unkind. For pity's sake tell me what you do mean. I don't understand you at all. I have done the best that I knew how to do for my children; and if any wife ever tried to be a dutiful wife and tried to please her husband, I am sure that I have.'

Mrs. Fiske's voice faltered in the last sentence, and as soon as she ceased speaking she burst into tears, wrung from her by the thought of the many dimes she had failed to please him, or to get one appreciative word, notwithstanding all her trying. Alas! scores of wives beside her have shed scalding tears in secret for the same reason. And yet, husbands should not be blamed, altogether, for this state of things. Aunt Hannah was right in thinking that the trouble comes, in the main, from wives not *beginning right*.

After a few moments, Mrs. Fiske sobbed out: 'Do excuse me, Aunt Hannah, I'm not weeping for anything that you have said—I must unburden myself to you, Aunt Hannah—you can be trusted—you never violate confidence—I must tell you that I do not enjoy life at all—I feel unhappy a good deal of the time—some of the time I am perfectly wretched.'

Here the thoughts of her wretchedness so overcame her that she broke down entirely, and wept passionately. Struggling to regain her composure, she soon added:

'You said that for a whole year you had wanted to talk to me. I have wanted for more than a year to confide my troubles to somebody. The last time that mother was down to our house, I almost made up my mind to tell her how I was feeling; but father and Frederick are so different I thought she couldn't understand it. I was afraid that she would blame him, and I couldn't bear to hear any one do that. Then I thought that I would have a confidential talk with some of my young married friends, and see if they had any such troubles to contend with. But pride and self-respect kept me from doing that. I felt that it would be lowering the dignity of our household to admit, to any one, that the wheels of our domestic machinery didn't run smoothly. You think that my troubles arise from my own mismanagement. I beg of you to show me wherein I have mismanaged. Now that the ice is broken, we may as well have an out-and-out talk, as you said. You may ask me any question that you please. I am willing to tell you anything that will assist you in advising me.'

A less discreet woman than Aunt Hannah, probably, would have availed herself of the opportunity to question Mrs. Fiske concerning her husband. Aunt Hannah knew better. She knew that in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, true women regret afterward for any communication, of that sort, they have been led to make in some hour of bitterness; and that they seldom fail to feel that the questioner took an ungenerous advantage of them.

She replied: 'It is not necessary for you to tell me anything. I think I understand your case, perfectly. You'll git by your troubles, after awhile, if you have patience and perseverance. You see, you and Fred didn't *begin right*. I'll tell you a story.'

Mrs. Fiske was all attention. Aunt Hannah's stories were always to the point.

'I've often thought,' commenced Aunt Hannah, 'that you and Fred both acted as though you was brought up by an old doctor who kept our school the winter that I was ten years old. School used to keep every other Saturday in them days. Saturday afternoon was spent in recitin' the Commandments—the Lord's Prayer, and the Catechism. In addition to that, the doctor required every scholar in the first class to learn a few verses from the Bible, or some passage from some favorite book of his. He hardly ever gave two scholars the same passage. But one Saturday he had every girl, in the first class, learn and recite something that John Milton says Eve said to Adam. I learned it hearin' it over so many times. This was it:

"My Author and Disposer; what thou bidst,
Unargued, I obey; so God ordains;
God is thy law, thou mine; to know no more
Is woman's happiest knowledge and her praise."

The doctor said that Milton wrote a great many beautiful things but he considered them four lines, the finest lines he ever wrote. He talked a long time to the girls about it, and he said that he hoped they would all feel like that toward their husbands when they got settled in life. I can't remember one-half he said, but I do remember just how the big boys looked when he was talkin'. They seemed so pleased, gratified and satisfied, I had no doubt they thought that passage was quite as nice as the doctor did. I remember, too, how pompous and lordly they used to appear when we were goin' home from school after such a talk. The most forward and talkin' ones used to make their boasts about how they should manage their wives and make 'em obey. I can't help laughin', to this day, when I think how submissively, modestly and meekly the girls received such talk, and with what soft and subdued tones they answered, if the boys asked 'em a question. I suppose they were tryin' to obey the doctor's injunctions in regard to bein' humble and dutiful, and I presume they thought they looked as amiable and interesting, to the boys, as Eve did to Adam when she called him her Author and Disposer.

There was nine girls in the first class. Polly Parson, a sprightly, black-eyed, rosy-cheeked girl, was an odd one among 'em. She was full of life and wit; and she was considered a little pert and saucy, but we all liked her. She was uncommon smart and handy. If an accident happened, or trouble of any kind came along we were all glad to have Polly 'round. If a little child fell into the brook near the schoolhouse, she never screamed to the big boys to come and git it out, but she'd pull it out herself, and git its clothes all wrung out 'fore some of the other girls would git through screaming. When the boys got into their big talks, she never dropped her eyes and looked abashed, but she'd allers put in a word herself. That night, when we were goin' home from school, Polly's eyes sparkled a little more'n common, and her cheeks were a little red. I thought she'd have somethin' to say, and she did. She told the boys she was glad they had such nice ideas about wives, and she hoped that they'd all be blessed some time with wives as lovely and as docile as the doctor's wife. That was pretty keen in Polly, for the doctor's wife was one of the most soft, helpless, washy-washy women I ever did see. The doctor came along in a minute. Polly went up to him and said meekly and beseechingly: 'Dr. Richards, have you got one copy of those beautiful lines left? If you have, doctor, will you please give it to me?' He had written 'em off on little slips of paper for each girl. He looked very smilingly on Polly and asked her if she had lost hers. 'No, sir,' she replied, but I shouldn't like to give mine away; and I want one to send down to Dan. Fletcher's wife. I don't think that she ever read it. She won't obey Dan, and she will argue with him.' The doctor said: 'Tut, tut, Poll! I'm surprised, I'm surprised!' and he stepped along pretty quick. Polly said in a low tone: 'I thought he would be. You see, the doctor was a justice of the peace, and Dan was one of the most ugly and tyrannical critters that ever trod shoe-leather, and he was up 'fore the doctor only a week afore for whippin' his wife. Every boy there laughed in in spite of himself.'

'Look here, boys,' Polly said, running ahead a little and turnin' round and facin' us, 'if you swallow such stuff as the doctor has been givin' us this afternoon, you needn't one of you ever ask me to marry you, for you'd want to rule with a rod of iron. And, girls, I want to tell you that you'll be just like the doctor's wife if you try to live up to the doctor's creed. I declare some of you begin to look like her already. What do you suppose that God gave you the power of thinkin' and consciences for, if you are never to make use of either? Do you suppose that he made a mistake and endowed you with more gifts than you need? You'll git sick of such nonsense sometime, and then you'll quarrel with your husbands. I shan't ever quarrel with mine, you see if I do. He shall have his rights and I shall have mine—you see if I don't!'

'I declare, Aunt Hannah, I begin to believe in women's rights; don't you?' said Mrs. Fiske, speaking for the first time since Aunt Hannah commenced her story.

'*Begin* to believe! Why, child, I allers did believe in women's rights, and men's rights, and childrens rights. I believe that each human bein' has rights that no other human bein' should be allowed to trample on.'

'I mean that I begin to believe in woman suffrage.'

'Oh, that's what you mean? Well, we'll talk about that to-morrow, and the rest of the family can join us. But, to-night while we are alone, we want to see if we can't find some way for you out of your troubles. If you could go to the ballot-box to-morrow, Mary, and put in fifty votes, I can't see as it would help you out of your present troubles any more than it would lift you out of a well if you had tumbled into one.'

'What will help me, Aunt Hannah? What can I do?'

'Go to your husband with your troubles. That'll be a hundred times better than to brood over 'em

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday October 27, 1871.

The Result.

In another column we give the official figures of the result of the recent election in this State. It will be seen that the vote is very far from being a full one, General McCANDLESS receiving 48,878 less than Governor SEYMOUR received in 1868, and Dr. STANTON receiving 58,281 less than General GRANT then received. Without allowing for an increase of voters there were therefore 102,154 voters who did not vote at the late election. These figures fully establish that the party that turned out the best won, and as the Radicals had the money (which they collected mainly from their officeholders) they succeeded best in getting out their voters. Yet had not the Democrats been dissatisfied with their platform and disheartened by their local divisions we believe the reverse would have been true, and that a splendid Democratic triumph would have resulted. It is plain, therefore, what must be done in future to obtain success:

1. Nominate candidates who have a State reputation for ability, integrity and stern devotion to the tenets of the Democratic party.

2. Place these on a platform that will be entirely satisfactory to the whole party.

3. Appoint a State Committee to conduct the campaign who have no personal purposes to subserve, and who will devote their energies to producing union in our own ranks, and vigorously exposing all the wrong action of the Radicals and presenting the public with the clearest proof thereof.

4. The most complete union of the Democratic party in every county and district, and to this end there must be unanimous acquiescence in all nominations. It is clearly idle to expect success without union, and there is no other way to obtain this than to abide by the action of our county conventions.

With these requirements fulfilled, victory *may* be obtained—without them it is *impossible*.

A Senatorial Difficulty.

The return judges of the Franklin and Cumberland district refused to give a certificate of election to WEAKLY, Radical, on the ground that he had bribed voters to support him. Although the Radicals have been guilty of defying public sentiment in that way we hope such practices will never be endorsed by the Democracy. WEAKLY had a majority of about 800 votes and the duty of the return judges was a very plain one, to wit: to add up the returns and give a certificate of election to the person having a majority. It was not their business to inquire into the motives that actuated voters, and this forms their ground of objection. However corruptly the voters were influenced, the man who had a majority of votes is entitled to the return, and to the seat unless successfully contested before the Senate.

The Radicals themselves set the pattern for this wrong action in several instances—once when they thus cheated General FOSTER out of a seat in Congress. At the next election the people elected him by a majority so large that it could not be disputed. The Radicals also cheated us out of a Senator in the First district in that way, and at the next election the people elected DECURT, Democrat, by 1300 majority in a Republican district! These instances are sufficient to prove that there is no permanent advantage to be gained by such wrong action, and that the people will resent it at the first opportunity.

But, above all that, we hope that the Democratic Senators will have more respect for themselves and their party than to follow Radical examples of rascality in setting aside election majorities. Just and proper action on their part will be a stern rebuke to Radical practices and a proud vindication of Democratic honor.

Toadyism.

The Pittsburg *Post* regales its readers with a long article in favor of T. A. SCOTT for President—President of the United States! Mr. SCOTT is at present and has been for some years a Vice-President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and is by occupation a general bummer for that institution. Since the Radicals have been in power he has "run" the Legislature of this State, by means which would be scarcely respectable in a Presidential aspirant. He has been the marshal of the corrupt members of that body and has the reputation of being their paymaster, so far as railroad legislation, the management of the Treasury, the repeal of tonnage taxes, the extraction of the Sinking fund, and the election of Senators, Treasurers, &c. are concerned. If these occupations and experiences fit a man for the Presidency, then Mr. SCOTT has fitness.

But it is a burlesque upon the Presidency and upon candidacy, as well as upon newspapers, for such men to be named for such distinguished positions. It is degrading to the office and to the people to whom the suggestion is addressed, and should be met with the severest reprehension. It is true that Mr. SCOTT has much distinction as a manager of railroads and in that capacity may well be trusted with the conduct of the enterprises placed in his charge, but it would be as sensible to name a man for President because he had been a successful horse-drover or mule trainer! So absurd are Presidential aspirations on his part, that in fact it would be discreditable to discuss the total want of propriety in naming him in that connection. If any body has a legislative job or a keen railroad speculation on hand it might be well to employ Mr. SCOTT, and in that line is found the measure of his talents as well as distinction.

THE Mormon polygamy question, it is stated, will go to the U. S. Supreme Court. A leading Mormon has been convicted in a U. S. Circuit Court of polygamy, for having more than one wife. Others have been arrested and will no doubt be convicted. The Federal government has no jurisdiction over the subject in the States and never before exercised any in the territories. It is doubted whether it has authority over the subject any where, and that question the Supreme Court will be called upon to decide.

The Town Map.

In our advertising columns will be found a notice from M. E. JACKSON, Esq., Commissioner appointed by the Court upon exceptions filed to the town map, that he will give all persons interested a hearing at the Courthouse on Monday, November 20th, at 10 o'clock a. m. The importance of correctness in the town map must not be overlooked by our citizens, who are authorized to make objections to it at any time before it shall be approved by the Court. By the supplement to the town charter, approved 26th May, 1871, (P. Law's 1135,) it is provided that the Court "shall hear and consider any complaint or objection made by any citizen of the town, or owner of real estate therein, against the correctness of the map, or the location of the lines and parts thereof prior to the approval of the same; * * * and said map at all times after the approval thereof * * shall be receivable in evidence in any suit, prosecution or proceeding whatsoever, in which the same shall be pertinent, and shall be held as conclusive evidence of the true location of the boundaries and highways of said town, as established at the date of its approval, and as *prima facie* evidence of the situation and boundaries or limits of lots, outlots, farm lands, canal wharves, landings, railroads, buildings and structures of said town at the same time, so far as the same shall be set forth, delineated or mentioned on said map."

Thus, it appears, that all property owners must make their objections to the map, if they have any, before it shall be approved, as it will be too late afterwards. After its approval the map will be legal evidence in all the particulars above mentioned, in all controversies and proceedings, at law or in equity. The map is suspended in the Prothonotary's office, open to the inspection of any person, and we advise our citizens to examine it in due time and see to it that it is correct in all respects in which their interests are involved.

It is true that by the third section of the act above mentioned, buildings now erected which project within the limits of highways are to be permitted to remain until rebuilt, reconstructed, removed or abandoned, (unless taken for public use, or compensation made), but this easement or privilege of property owners does not affect the location of the lines of streets, lanes and alleys as they are to be ultimately used, nor their location independent of building projections.

The Legislature.

The following is given as the result of the election for members of the Legislature, to wit:

	Senate.	House.
Republicans	17	62
Democrats	16	38
Republican majority	1	24

The Senate is composed very generally of men of ability—several of both parties being quite able men. Amongst the new members elected or re-elected are CONNELL and DAVIS of Philadelphia and STRANG of Tioga, all Radicals, who rank amongst the most experienced and reckless legislative corruptionists in the State.

Captain BROCKWAY, of this county, and Mr. LATTA, of Westmoreland, will be the strongest debaters on the Democratic side in the House, with NOYES of Clinton, and MEEK of Centre, and a very few others, amongst the best managers on that side. Aside from these, unless the unknown new members shall develope some talent, the House is very barren both of ability and respectability. We doubt whether Philadelphia sends a single member who is a man of fair reputation for integrity and capacity.

We have hopes that the Senate will prevent any serious mischief being done except where bribery may be resorted to. In the latter case there is no hope of either House. There is much difference of opinion as to how far Governor GEARY can be depended upon to veto improper measures, but some good may be hoped from that quarter.

The Official Returns.

A table of official returns is published in some of the papers, but it is partly made up from unofficial sources. We await an authorized table from the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth. As the table stands, the following are the footings up, to-wit:

AUDITOR GENERAL.

Stanton, Republican	281,099
McCandless, Democrat	269,509
Spangler, Prohibition	3,375
Stanton's majority over McCandless	11,590

SURVEYOR GENERAL.

Heath, Republican	287,193
Cooper, Democrat	259,758
Wheeler, Prohibition	3,912
Heath's majority over Cooper	27,435

CONVENTION.

For a Constitutional Convention	332,291
Against	74,073
Majority for Convention	260,158

PACKER'S vote for Governor in 1869 exceeded the vote of STANTON nearly 2,000. The difference between the vote of the respective candidates for Auditor and Surveyor General occurred mainly in Allegheny county, where a labor organization supported MCCANDLESS and HEATH.

More Stealing—Diamond Cut Diamond!

It is stated that State Treasurer MACKEY has lost $160,000 by the failure of a Philadelphia banker with whom he had deposited that amount of State money. He announces that the State will lose nothing, he and his sureties being bound for the money. We judge that is about the amount he has made since he has been Treasurer, less the sum he paid members and others for their votes and influence. But he has a clear field now, with Dr. STANTON to settle with! The amount of the loss will be carried by the State while these gentry are in office, the people losing the interest, and the improper gains of the Treasury paying back the principal in the distant future, if it is ever paid. The banker who stole the money will quiet his conscience with the reflection that he merely robbed a thief. The people must expect to pay the piper while they elect Radicals to office.

IT is reported that Postmaster-General Creswell is seriously implicated in the great whisky frauds at Baltimore, and that the administration is making desperate efforts to prevent unpleasant revelations.

THE negro vote of this State is estimated at fully 26,000. As they nearly all voted the Radical ticket, there was a majority of at least 10,000 white votes in favor of Gen. MCCANDLESS at the late election.

The Defeat.

To show our readers what others think, we extract the following from the *Clinton Democrat*, one of the ablest Democratic papers in the State, to-wit:

"**The State has gone largely Radical, even exceeding the expectations of the leaders of that party.** There must have been a deep-seated cause for it. What that cause was is for us to find out, and avoid it in the future. It was not the great popularity of the Radical candidates, for they were comparatively obscure men until advertised and puffed by their papers. Nor was it the unpopularity of the Democratic candidates, for McCandless and Cooper were all that could be asked on the score of popularity. This brings us to the popular method of throwing aside these results, that of charging "unparalleled corruption," "federal patronage," &c., on our opponents. Neither will that reach it.

"Federal patronage" unquestionably had a potent influence, and money—liberally, aye, profusely used—did very much to help the result; but to account for it in this way is to ignore antecedent facts showing the progress of Democracy, and presupposes a corruption on the part of the people that does not exist, and this we say in no extenuation of the rascals who can be and are bought, for they are painfully numerous. The people are all right. The trouble is, they have been badly treated by party managers. They would not stand it, and hence came the stunning rebuke in the result of the late election.

"Before the State Convention met, Democracy was a unit. Its *morale* was splendid, and a steady advance upon the majorities and positions of the Radicals made it buoyant with hope and sanguine of success. The delegates met in convention. There a few men full of personal ambition, but without statesmanship, committed the fatal mistake of passing the so-called ninth resolution, "deprecating the discussion of questions" which, up to that very day, the press and speakers of the party had been pronouncing as unparalleled, bold invasions of the Constitution and of the rights of the States, forced through by fraud, chicane, and military authority. At one fell swoop these men sought to wipe out the education of years! and to hush a discussion that theretofore they had been zealously ready to keep up. What absolute folly! It seems almost a verification of the proverb that 'Whom the gods would destroy, they first make mad!'

"Prior to this we were sailing smoothly with the current of public favor, and offensively charging home upon Radicalism. In a day the course was changed, and *against* the current we had to assail. The *morale* of the party was seriously impaired, our popular candidates were carrying dead weight, and we were but weakly on the offensive, if on it at all, and the contest culminated very naturally in a severe defeat.

"It becomes us now to meet it like men who know how to organize victory out of defeat. That spirit wins. To do it, we must discuss the causes of the result, remedy them, and organize fresh for a more vigorous and determined charge upon Radicalism. Drop the hated ninth resolution and its concomitants, the cause of our defeat—let unity be restored—let our measures and men be conspicuously free from guile or lack of principle—take up honest and capable men for office, even down to the lowest municipal position, (for the strength of the whole rests upon the integrity of its parts,) avoiding party 'hacks' (for they are a standing offense)—battle against corruption in every form—fight against federal influence in State affairs—struggle unshrinkingly against military domination—maintain a strict construction of the Constitution and insist upon keeping power in and with the people and out of the federal head—war for the equality of the States—beware of doubtful men—let your platform be plainly Democratic, and trust no man who equivocates, who will not stand openly and squarely upon it—organize thoroughly for the campaign of 1872—and we will be back again in the old line of march, full of *elan*, moving on to victory! The principles of the masses are Democratic, and if we are wise in management and avoid such blunders as the last, we will have their votes and Democracy will again control public affairs.

Martial Law in the South.

Private and public accounts paint the confusion and alarm created in South Carolina by the political crusade, begun there by the carpet-bag officials under pretext of "martial law." Citizens are seized and dragged to jail without any charge made against them. All the safeguards of civilized society are swept away. No man is safe from private malice. A state very like chaos is likely to be produced at the South, by profligate politicians, seeking their own interest, in contempt of every existing law. They are sparing no effort to rekindle civil war in the South, because *it pays*. They are driving citizens from their homes, with the dread of arbitrary arrest, and indefinite imprisonment, and are now creating the roving bands of desperate men whose existence they have feigned.—*Age.*

That is the kind of liberty the American people are enjoying under the GRANT administration. It will be extended. Already the Radical hounds are crying for the blood of Mississippi—next will come Louisiana, Georgia, Tennessee, Kentucky, &c. When the Southern States are fairly under the heel of the Radical despot, the same game will be applied to the Northern States if necessary to secure the continuance of GRANT in office. How long will the people endure such tyranny? Will they forever stand by and see State after State bound hand and foot?

PRESIDENT JUDGES.—The following gentlemen were elected President Judges on the 10th inst.:

1. Philadelphia—Jas. T. Mitchell, R.
2. Lancaster—J. B. Livingston, R.
3. Tioga, Potter, M'Kean, Cameron and Elk—H. W. Williams, R.
7. Bucks and Montgomery—Ross, D.
9. Cumberland, Perry and Juniata—B. F. Junkin, R.
10. Westmoreland, Indiana and Armstrong—J. A. Logan, R.
12. Dauphin and Lebanon—John J. Pearson, R.
15. Delaware and Chester—Wm. Butler, R.
16. Franklin, Bedford, Somerset and Fulton—Wm. M. Hall, R.
18. Clarion, Jefferson and Forest—M. H. Jenks, D.
19. York and Adams—Robert J. Fisher, D.
20. Mifflin, Union and Snyder—Joseph C. Bucher, D.
21. Schuylkill—Walker, D.
23. Berks—Warren J. Woodward, D.
24. Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria—John Dean, R.

HAWKINS, the Mormon, has been convicted at Salt Lake City, of bigamy. This is the first case under the new law.

The New Episcopal Diocese.

By the consent of the general convention, in Baltimore, a new diocese has been formed, to comprise all that part of Pennsylvania lying east of the Allegheny Mountains, except the counties of Philadelphia, Chester, Bucks, Delaware and Montgomery. It is to go into existence on All Saints day, the 1st proximo, the primary convention for organization being held November 8th. The chief interest now centres in the election of Bishop. A number of names have already been mentioned, both from within and without the diocese. The location of the See, or Bishop's residence, will also have to be determined on at the same time. For this, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Reading, Harrisburg, Williamsport and Scranton have been suggested, but it is now difficult to predict which one of them will be selected.

The new Diocese will contain about 1,500,000 souls. In it are included nearly 80 parishes and over 90 clergymen, and the Church is growing steadily. High anticipations are entertained for its honorable career, which we trust will be fully realized.

The Right Rev. Bishop Stevens, has addressed the following to the clergy and parishes lying within that portion of Pennsylvania about to be set off as a new diocese:

The general convention of the Protestant Episcopal churches of the United States of America having ratified the action of the convention of the diocese lying west and north of the western line of the counties of Chester, Montgomery and Bucks has been set off as a new diocese, to take effect on the first day of November next, it is made my duty by section 1, canon 6, title 3 of the digest, to call the primary convention of the new diocese for the purpose of enabling it to organize.

Acting under this authority, I hereby call a convention of the clergy and laity of that portion of the diocese thus set off, to meet in St. Stephen's church, Harrisburg, on Wednesday, the 8th day of November, at ten o'clock in the morning, then and there to assemble and organize a new diocese.

Until such new diocese shall be fully organized it is under the constitution and canons of the diocese of Pennsylvania, and hence the same provisions which regulate the election of deputies in the diocese of Pennsylvania must govern the choice of the parishes of the new diocese, requiring of them the same credentials of appointment as are now required by the convention of the diocese of Pennsylvania.

The certificates of election of lay deputies, certified in writing by the warden and two vestrymen of the proper church, will be sent to Robert A. Lamberton, Esq., Harrisburg, whom I have requested to act as temporary secretary.

Praying that God may guide you in all your deliberations, and breathe upon you the spirit of peace and love and unity,

I remain with great respect,
WM. BACON STEVENS,
Bishop of the diocese of Pennsylvania.

Bounty Lands—Who are Entitled to Them.

The commissioners of pensions will soon issue instructions and new regulations for procuring bounty land warrants through that office. The following instructions will be of interest to many:

The acts of Congress now in force granting bounty land, entitle each of the surviving persons in the following list to a certificate or warrant for such quantity of land as shall make, in the whole, with what he may have heretofore received, 160 acres, provided he shall have served a period of not less than fourteen days, to wit:

I. Commissioned and non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates, whether of the regulars, volunteers, rangers or militia, who were regularly mustered into the service of the United States in any of the wars in which this country has been engaged since 1790 and prior to March 3d, 1865, to-wit:

II. Commissioned and non-commissioned officers, seamen, ordinary seamen, flotillamen, marines, clerks and landsmen in the navy in any of the said wars.

III. Militia, volunteers and State troops of any State or Territory called into military service, and regularly mustered therein and whose service have been paid by the United States.

IV. Wagon masters and teamsters who have been employed under the direction of competent authority, in time of war, in the transportation of military stores and supplies.

V. Officers and soldiers of the Revolutionary war, and marines, seamen and other persons in the naval service of the United States during that war.

VI. Chaplains who served with the army in the several wars of this country.

VII. Volunteers who served with the armed forces of the United States in any of the wars mentioned, subject to military orders, whether regularly mustered into the United States service or not.

Each of the surviving persons in the following classes are entitled to a certificate for a like quantity of land without regard to the length of this service (provided he was regularly mustered into service,) to wit:

1. Officers and soldiers who have been actually engaged in any battle in any of the wars in which this country has been engaged prior to the rebellion.

2. Those volunteers who served at the invasion of Plattsburg, in September, 1814.

The volunteers who served at the battle of King's mountain, in the Revolutionary war.

4. The volunteers who served at the battle of Nickajack against the confederate savages of the South.

5. The volunteers who served at the attack on Lewiston, Delaware, by the British fleet in the war of 1812.

In addition to these classes these acts also extend to all Indians who served in the United States in any of their wars prior to the war of the rebellion, the provisions of this and all the bounty land laws heretofore passed, in the same manner and to the same extent as if the Indians had been white men.

Where the service has been rendered by a substitute, he is the person entitled to these acts, and not his employer.

In the event of the death of any person who, if living, would be entitled to a certificate or warrant as aforesaid, leaving a widow, if no widow, such minor child or children, is entitled to a certificate or warrant for the same quantity of land such deceased person would be entitled to receive under the provisions of said acts if now living:

A subsequent marriage will not impair the right of any such widow to such warrant if she be a widow at the time of her application. Persons within the age of twenty-one years on the 3d day of March, 1865, are deemed minors within the intent and meaning of said acts.

New Advertisements.

PREMIUMS AWARDED

AT THE

SIXTEENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION

OF THE

COLUMBIA COUNTY AGRICULTURAL HORTICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL ASSOCIATION,

HELD AT

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

On Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,

October 11th, 12th and 13th, 1871.

CLASS I—HORSES.

Best pair twin mule colts, H Dutchmanfier.....$ 10
" pair draught horses, Richard Sellers..... 10
" pair carriage mares, Samuel Holley..... 5 00
" single carriage mare, Dr W. M. Reber 5 00
" pr colts, 4 years old, Reese Fairman.. 5 00
" pr colts, 3 years old, Isaiah White.... 2 00
" stallion 2 yrs old, Jacob Heller..... 1 00
" horse colt, 18 mo, J. F. Stocker..... 3 00
" horse colt, under 18 mos, P Hagenbuch 2 00
" pair mules, A. R. Patterson..... 5 00
" single carriage horse, V. Bobbleman 5 00
" stallion under 15 yrs, J.W. Mccormick 6 00
" jack, Joseph E. Eyer..... 5 00
" mule, 6 mo. old, J. Eyer..... 2 00
" colt, E. Boyer, mo. old, Hagenbuch 4 00
" stallion for all work, Robert Parsel. 7 00
" blooded bay stallion, Jacob Kreamer 12 00
" stallion colt, 2 yrs..... 6 00
" horse colt, 1 yr, Reuben Bottas..... 1 00
" pr. mare colts, Benton Ikeler..... 5 00
" carriage horses, Francis Evans..... 8 00
" horse colt, 1 yr, J. M. White..... 3 00
" horse colt, 2 yrs old, J. K. Fowler..... 3 00
" horse colt, 18 mo, Hiram Thomas..... 3 00
" brood mare and colt, A. J. Beagle.... 10 00

Superintendent, Eli Mendenhall.

Judges—Daniel Morris, Daniel Roenbuch, John G. Quick John Zaner and Robert Parsel.

CLASS II—CATTLE.

Best Devon Calf 7 mo, old Daniel Kaubach *Ag*
" Alderney " " " " " *Ag*
" " cow between 2 and 3 " " 4 00
" " bull between " " G. P. Learn 5 00
" " 3 years and upwards " " 9 00
" native heifer between 2 and 3 Samuel Hailey..... 3 00
Best yoke steers between 2 and 3 Curtin Bailey..... 4 00
" native bull 2 years old, C. A. Knorr.... 3 00
" heifer graded 2 year, Nehemiah Reese..... 2 00
Best bull grated 6 mo old, D. Yocum..... *Ag*
" " " 1 year, Reese Fairman.... 2 00
" heifer " " " 2 00
" pair twin oxen 3 years old G. B. Hartman..... 5 00
Best bull (alderny) 3 yrs old Abel Thomas.... 30 00
" calf " 1 yr old M. Kline..... 3 00
" devon heifer between 1 and 2 years Geo. W. Sterner..... 3 00
Best (Shorthorn) bull 3 yrs old J. Eyer..... 10 00
" bull grazed between 2 and 3 years Elisha Hagenbuch..... 4 00
Best durham bull between 2 and 3 yrs J. S. Neyhart..... 5 00
Best durham cow, W. S. Parsel..... 6 00
" grazed heifer 3 mo old D Yocum..... *Ag*
" cow under 3 yrs old Reuben Bonch.. 4 00
" " graded 4 yrs old " " 5 00

Superintendent, Cyrus McHenry.

Judges—Wm. S. Parsel, Reuben Rouch, Hiram Ress, Chandler Eves.

CLASS III—SWINE.

Best Sow and pigs, D. Yocum.....$5 00
" brood sow, Douglas Hughes..... 5 00
" boar, Wm. McMichael..... 5 00
" fat hogs 6 mo old, Wm. Michael.. 6 00

Judges—Reese Fairman, S. H. Hagenbuch.

CLASS IV—SHEEP.

Best buck common, Samuel Hailey..... *Ag*
" southdown buck, J. P Conner.....$5 00
" 3 ewes south down " " 4 00
" cotswald buck Wesley Bowman..... 5 00
" graded buck, Aaron Kester..... 3 00
" 3 sheep common, H. Dreisbamilter.... 3 00
" ewe cotswold, W. P. Ikeler..... 4 00
" pair twin lambs 6 mo old middle wool Simon Stiler..... 2 00

Judges—A. J. Ikeler, Samuel Creveling, Wesley Morris.

CLASS V—POULTRY.

Best pair white leghorn continual layers
" Judge Kester..... *Ag*
" Raccoon, Francis Boal..... 50
" pair chickens, Howard Barnes..... *Ag*
" 4 prs bl'k Spanish chickens, J Palmer *Ag*
" lot Brahma pootras, { N Richart. 2 00
" Houndon, }
" Cross breed, }
" Trio Brahma, P. B. Wemer..... *Ag*
" ½ dog bantanas, Jacob Brobst..... *Ag*
" Tame rabbits, (2) Master Geo. Hughes 50
" Carrier dove, John Vannatta..... 50

Judges—Clark Merrill, A. M, Kester and S. Barnes.

CLASS VI—GRAIN, SEEDS AND FLOUR

Best ½ bus. red chaff wheat, F. Roat.... *Ag*
" bush. flaxseed, J. H. Ikeler..... *Ag*
" bush. Norway oats, J. H. Ikeler..... *Ag*
" bush. buckwheat, John Smith..... *Ag*
20 bus. groundseed corn, John Daily..... *Ag*
" ½ bus. cloverseed, Clark Merril..... 3 00
20 bus red wheat, Aaron Kester..... *Ag*
" bus rye, Aaron Kester (new crop)..... 50
" black oats, Aaron Kester..... *Ag*
" ½ bus. timothy seed, Aaron Kester.... 5 00
" bus. yel groundseed corn, W. Robison 1 50
" bus white " " *Ag*
" 50 lbs. wheat flour, G. W. Dreisbach 3 00
" 50 lbs buckwheatflour, Peter Ent... 3 00
" bus. red wheat, Lewis Girton..... 2 00
" bus. gourd seed corn, S. Hagenbuch. 1 50
" bus. Clinton oats, Wm. Bryhart..... *Ag*
" bus white wheat, Elisha Hayman.... 2 00
" bus. Easton sino corn, T. D. Strouse *Ag*

Judges—John Betz, George W. Ikeler, John Crossley.

CLASS VII—VEGETABLES.

Best bus. mercer potatoes, C. A. Knorr.... 1 00
" bus. Goodrich potatoes, C. A. Knorr 1 00
" bus. Harrison potatoes, C. A. Knorr 1 00
" beans, Mrs. L. E. Barry..... *Ag*
" ½ doz. heads cabbage, Chas. Evans.... *Ag*
" bus. early rose potatoes, D. Yocum.. *Ag*
" bus. rusty coat " " 50
" bus. monitor " " *Ag*
" bus. peach blow potatoes, J. Kester.. 50
" 2 pks. lima beans " " 1 00
" bus. Chili potatoes, Jeremiah Hess... 50
" 6 field pumpkins " " *Ag*
" bus. pinkeye potato, early coat pos. J Ikeler 50
" 2 sweet pumpkins, L. B. Rupert..... *Ag*
" bus. colchrook potatoes, H. H. Brown *Ag*
" bus. Andes potatoes " " 50
" bus. strawberry potatoes, " " *Ag*
" bus. onions, S. S. Marts..... *Ag*
" bus. Bresses No. 4 pos., N. Richart... 1 00
" pot beets, " " *Ag*
" 3 preserved citrons, " " *Ag*
" bus. excelsior potatoes, A. P. Young 1 00
" ½ bus. mangel wertzel " " *Ag*
" bus peach blow potatoes, A. Merrill 1 00
" squash, Mrs. C. Merrill..... *Ag*
" bus. early rose potatoes, J. D. Quick 50
" bus mid potatoes from seed " " *Ag*
" bus. Creely potatoes, Jos Robbins..... 1 00
" bus. Richardson pos. H. D. Appleman 1 00
" bus. white peach blows " " 1 00
" bus. peach blow potatoes, W. C. Richrt 50
" bus. pinkeye potatoes, " " *Ag*
" bus. early rose potatoes, M. A. Girton *Ag*
" bus. pinkeye rusty coats " " 50
" bus. goodrich " " *Ag*
" bus. garnet chili " " *Ag*
" bus. pink eye rust coats, S. Hagenbuch 50
" variety potatoes, J. Zaiott..... 50
" soup beans Mrs. E. Hagenbuch..... *Ag*
" bus. potatoes Prince Albert C. Lee jr. 50
" bus. Pink Eye A. B. Troop 50
" bus. Turnips Geo. W. Hess..... 1 00
" barrel peach blow potatoes D. Hughes 50
" bus. clevver potatoes J. H. Creveling 1 00
" bus. chili " " 1 00
" 3 bunches white solid celery Joseph Garrison..... 1 00
" 1 peck trophy tomatoes, J. Garrison 1 00
" bus. Willard potatoes J. H. Creveling 1 00
" bus. garnet chili potatoes J. Garrison 1 00
" ½ doz. vegetable oysters " " 1 00
" 4 ear plants " " 1 00
" bus. early rose potatoes D. Steck..... 1 00
" bus. pearless " " 1 00
" ½ bus. sweet potatoes J. Garrison.... 2 00
" bus. potatoes pinkeye rassets J. D. Strouse..... 1 00
" bus. peerless potatoes H. C. Barton 50
" 4 squashes N. P. John..... *Ag*
" 2 mammoth squashes, weight 81, 80 " " *Ag*
" 21 lbs each Isaac McKamey " " *Ag*
" 1 quart butter beans " " 1 00
" giant wax beans " " *Ag*

CLASS VIII—FRUIT.

Superintendent, HENRY ZUPPINGER.

Judges—John Dasher.

APPLES.

Best display of apples, P. B. Wemer.....$2 00
" booking apples, Mrs Mary saunders.. 50
" winter apples, P. B Wemer..... 50
" sweet apples, P. B Wemer..... 50
" flavored apples, Douglass Hughes..... 50

PEARS.

Best display, N. Richart..... $2 00
" booking, Mary E. Brower..... 50
" flavored, J. H. Ikeler..... 50
" fall or winter, J. S Hagenbuch..... 50
Largest, Mary E. Brower..... 50

PEACHES.

Best display, James Kester..... $1 25
" flavored, " " 50
" looking, " " 50
Largest, " " 50

QUINCES.

Largest doz, Mrs E shipman..... 75
" and nicest doz, Mr Rabb..... 75

GRAPES.

Best display, N Richart..... $2 00
" Concord, N Richart..... 50
" Delaware, P B Wemer..... 50
" Isabella, P B Wemer..... 50

CHESTNUTS.

Best quart, Mrs Benjamin Kistler..... 50

DRIED FRUITS.

Best apples, Mrs Wm Ikeler..... 50
" pears, Joseph Gartison..... 50
" sour cherries, Mrs M Billon..... 50
" sweet cherries, " " 50
" grapes, Mrs Benj Kistler..... 50
" raspberries, Mrs A Hendershot..... 50
" monthly raspberries, Joseph Garrison 50
" worthleberries, Mrs Wm Ikeler..... 50
" black cherries, Mrs Mathilda Johnson 50
" sweet heart " " 50
" prunes, Mrs Eunice Weaver..... 50
" currants, Mrs Mathilda Johnson..... 50

CLASS IX—WINES AND LIQUORS.

Judges—Executive Committee.

Best qt of blk'b'y wine, Mrs M Appleman.. 60
" " grape wine, J. F. Rupert..... 1 00
" " cherry wine, Mrs M Appleman..... 1 00
" " "vinegar, Mrs A Hendershott..... *Ag* by
" bottle wine 25 yrs old Mrs L. W Dreisbach..... 1 00
Best elder blossom wine Mrs Mary L Kreamer..... 50
Best qt current wine, John W Kreamer.... 1 00

CLASS X—DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

Best jar preserved blackberries, Mrs M. Wynkoop..... 50
" " raspberries caused, Mrs Hattie Moyer..... 50
Best sample yellow plum jelly, Mrs Margaret Appleman..... 50
" " purple plum " " 50
Best loaf of bread, Mrs. J. H. Ikeler..... 2 00
Best can peach butter, Miss Benj Starpstrue 50
" " golden drop plum butter, Mrs. Benj Sharpless..... 50
Best gold cake, Clara Vanscoter..... 50
" cherry butter, " " 50
" jar pickled cherries, Mrs Eunice Weaver..... 50
Best marble cake, Miss A Coleman..... 50
" canned pears, Mrs J Coleman..... 50
" glass tomato jelly, Mrs J Coleman..... 50
" maple sugar, Mrs John Zaner..... 50
" " molasses, Mrs John Zaner..... 50
" sample grape jelly, Mrs C Merrell..... 50
" salmon pickles, Mrs A Hendershott..... 50
" cocoa-nut cake, Mrs A Hendershott.... 50
" ham, Mrs A Hendershott..... *Ag*
" spiced watermelon rind, Miss M A Robinson..... 50

Best qt apple butter, Mrs Peter Ent..... 50
" crab apple jelly, Mrs Christman..... 50
" preserved quinces, Mrs Christmann.... 50
" apple syrup, Mrs Christman..... 50
" white currant jelly, Mrs Mary Christmann..... 50
Best corn starch cake, Mrs L A Vanderslice..... 50
Best apple jelly, Miss B Vanderslice..... 50
" glory cake, Rebecca Vanderslice..... 50
" ice ginger crackers, Rebecca Vanderslice..... 50
Best 2 qts butter beans, Mrs Samuel Hagenbuch..... 50
Best maple chips, Miss Mary Old..... 50
" pecan " " " 50
" sun cooked cherries Mrs Benj Kistler.. 50
" " ground " " " 50
" lye hard soap " " 50
" sample mincemeat, Mrs James McMichael..... 50
" " marmalade, Mrs James McMichael..... 50
Best pumpkin molasses, Mrs James McMichael..... 50
" " pecan " " 50
" " Mrs. Nelson McCarty..... 50
Best plum butter, Daniel Raubach..... 50
" " apple " " 50
" canned cherries, Mrs R B Menagh..... 50
" coffee cake, " " " 50
" raspberry jam, " " " 50
" sun cooked, Mrs Abraham Snyder..... 50
" canned quinces " " " 50
" gold cake, " " " 50
" pure sugar quince, Ada E Brower..... 50
" quince jelly, Mrs Fannie J Brugler..... 50
" pure fruited jelly, Mrs Fannie Brugler 50
" jar canned blackberries, Mrs Matilda Johnson..... 50
Best jar canned raspberries, Mrs Matilda Johnson..... 50
Best jar canned worthleberries, Mrs Matilda Johnson..... 50
Best jar canned currants, Mrs Matilda Johnson..... 50
Best fancy pin cushion, Ella campbell..... 50
Best 3d " " Miss Lizzie Beckt..... 25
" " jumbles, " " 50
" glass quince butter, Miss Mintie E Sharpless..... 50
Best jelly, Mrs J W Evans..... 50
" roll butter, Mrs N. P. John..... 25
" silver cake, Miss H R Sharpless..... 50
" twin brothers cast, Wardloo Yeast Company..... *Dip*

Secretaries, [illegible]

Superintendent, Season P. John.

Judges—Mrs. Henry Deibenhiller, Mrs. Andrew Ikeler, Mrs. Dr. Lowe and Mrs. Dr. Clapin.

CLASS XI—HOUSEHOLD MANUFACTURES.

Best home made coverlets, Ellen Irvin..... 50
" pair cashmere hose, Mi Mrs Margaret Appleman..... 50
Best pair wooden stockings, Mrs J Hess.. 50
" specimen of Mrs Martha D Vandersline..... 1 50
Best pair blankets, Mrs Coffman..... 50
" " woolen stockings, Mrs A Heidersholt..... 50
Best roll home made carpets, Miss Rebecca Vanscoter..... 1 00
" " woven table cloths, Miss Beckie Vanscoter..... 50
Best pair cotton stockings, Mrs M A Coffman..... 50
Best pair wool blankets, Mrs J S Hagenbuch..... 2 00
Best counterpane, Mrs William Garrison.. 1 00
" " carpet, Mrs M A Barkley..... 1 50
" embroidered rocker, Miss Mary Old..... 50
" 10 yds plain linen, Mrs Benj Kistler.. 1 50
" 10 yds fancy " " 1 50
" pair woolen mittens " " *Ag*
" linen sheet, Miss B Vanderslice..... 50
" coverlin, Tillie Mellick..... 50
" sample flannel, Mrs C. White..... 50
" bed quilt, Mrs Elizabeth Hayhurst.... 50
" linen table spread, " " 50
" pillow case, " " 50
" stockings, } M E Kreamer. 1 00
" knit woolen stocking }
" bed quilt, " " 50
" 2 crochet quilts, Mrs J R Townsend.... 50
" 2 counterpanes, " " " 50
" infant robe " " " 1 00
" 2 bead watch pockets, Mrs J R Townsend..... 1 00
Best common coverlet, Mrs M A Brockway 50
" cross, Mrs Wm Garrison..... 50
" pin cushion, Mrs L A Vandersliee..... 50
" sample needlework, " " " 50
" cradle quilt, Mrs Lizzie Guest..... 50
" thread lace, " " " 50
" bur whatnot, " " " 1 00
" night dress yoke, H. Edgar..... 50
" pin cushion, " " *Dip*
" wreath of wax fruit, Mrs Elizabeth Hayhurst..... 1 00
Best tidy, Miss Mary E Saunders..... 25
" tidy set " " 50
" small carriage afghan, Mrs Mary Hartman..... 1 00
Best fancy pin cushion, Ella campbell..... 50
" sample hair pin pincushion, Miss Mary Kreamer..... 50
Best lot dahlias red and yellow, Mrs Dillon..... 50
Best picture, Emerson Dillon..... 1 00
" knit scarf, Mary Kitchen..... 50
" specimen penmanship, Jos Garrison 1 00
" knackets, Albert Hartman..... 50
" morning dress Mrs A Snyder..... 50
" Worsted shawl, Mrs A Snyder..... 50
" pin cushion, " " 50
" zephyr tidy, } Mrs A snyder..... 1 00
" lamp mat, }
" bead and zephyr pin cushion, Mary C McKelvy..... 1 00
Best baby's knit shirt Mrs E P Lutz..... 50
" knit shawl, Miss Mary J Palmer..... 50
" pair child's knit stockings, Mrs M A Barkley..... 50
Best 2 cotton knit children, Mrs Hannah B. Welch..... 50
Best toilet cover, Mrs W P Ikeler..... 50
" fancy bead dress, Miss M E Sharpless 1 00
" pressed ferns, Miss H Shar

THE COLUMBIAN

Bloomsburg, Friday, Oct. 27, 1871.

GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., 40 Park Row, are our only authorized Advertising Agents in New York. COE, WORTHELL & Co., No. 607 Chestnut Street, are our only authorized Agents in Philadelphia. C. G. MURPHY, Esq., is our authorized Agent at Centralia to transact any business pertaining to the COLUMBIAN Office.

☞ All advertisements for the foregoing localities must be endorsed by these Agents, or they will receive no attention. tf.

Railroad Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG R. R.

	North.	South.
Mail	11:14 A. M.	3:07 P. M.
Accommodation	5:05 A. M.	4:25 P. M.
Express	6:12 P. M.	10:21 A. M.

CATAWISSA R. R. FROM RUPERT STATION,

Going North.	Going South.
4:17 P. M.	10:08 A. M.

M. F. CONNER is authorized to transact any business connected with the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

THE breaking up of several insurance companies will have, or ought to have, the effect of making people more careful in selecting their companies in future.

HORSE thieves are doing considerable business in Muncy and neighborhood. Two sorrels, with harness for each, were stolen last week, one of which returned with a broken halter.

THE Lycoming Insurance company has imposed an extra assessment of 12½ per cent. upon its members to meet its losses by the Chicago fire. As there is both a mutual and a stock branch of this company, it would be interesting to the members to know how much each had lost.

ON Friday evening, October 27, Prof. Egbton of the Normal School, will give a musical entertainment in the Hall for the pleasure of his class and the students. An invitation is also extended to the patrons of the school and those of the community who appreciate hearing choice classical music.

To the Columbian: If the *Republican* cannot exist without being a nuisance to its neighbors, conservatism may be justified in abating it; at least that is the opinion of one who is bespattered by its blackguard editor for prohibiting it coming upon his premises.

G. H. B.

PREMIUMS AND DIPLOMAS.—Among the premiums and diplomas awarded by the late "Columbia county Agricultural Society," were the premium and diploma awarded to the Gaehle & Co. Piano and Temple Organ. These premiums and diplomas were omitted through some cause or other in the regular list of premiums as published by the Bloomsburg *Republican*.

You can't eat enough in one week to last a whole year, and you can't advertise on that plan either.

A large advertisement once, and then discontinued, creates the impression that the man has fizzled.

Injudicious advertising is like fishing where there's no fish. You need to let the lines fall in the right place.

A constant dropping will wear a rock. Keep dropping your advertisement on the public, and they will soon melt under it like rock salt.

THE Northumberland Baptist Association held its annual session at Milton in the latter part of September. The body is composed of Churches situated in Columbia, Montour, Northumberland, Lycoming, Clinton, Sullivan, Union, Snyder and Cameron counties. The Association has within its bounds 29 churches and 3098 members. Baptisms during the year 202. The benevolent contributions reported amounted to over $25,000. $612 was subscribed in aid of the church at Milton. The Association meets at Watsontown next year.

WHITE VESTS.—It is said there is a mania pervading fashionable swells for white vests with gilt buttons. This is somewhat singular, for swells never do anything within reason, especially in matters of dress. A black coat and pants, with white vest, is the neatest dress a gentleman can wear. We have nothing to say about the gilt buttons, though in modern times they ought not to be objectionable since *brass* forms the stable production of nine-tenths of the fashionable world. If the swells are raging for such a dress as we have described, it is the first time we ever heard of them having common sense.—*Exchange.*

Sunday School Convention.

THE Annual Convention of the Columbia county Sabbath School Association will be held in Espy (Lutheran Church) on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, November 14th, 15th and 16th. This association is composed of *all* denominations of Christians and it is hoped that every superintendent, officer and teacher of Sabbath Schools will feel especially interested in its success. Every school in the county should be represented. Schools can send as many delegates as they choose. All officers and teachers of Sabath Schools and all ministers are entitled to membership and are cordially invited to take part in the work. "In the multitude of Counsellors there is safety." Let us have a full turn out of the friends of the cause. Delegates will be entertained by the citizens of Espy. Eminent Sabbath School workers will assist us. Superintendents will please send to N. RICHART, Espy, Pa., for blank reports to be filled up for the Convention.

By order of the Executive Committee.

J. B. ROBISON,
N. RICHART, Sec. President.

IT is now estimated that the city of Chicago has suffered a loss of not less than twenty nor more than twenty-five per cent. on her total assets, real and personal. Her most shrewd business men express it as their conviction that five years hence, at most, the exhibit of population, wealth, commerce, and manufactures will be even greater than a month ago; an opinion in which we fully concur.

CHICAGO NOTES.—It is indeed an ill wind that blows nobody good. It is said that there is not a single indictment left against any accused person in Cook county, Illinois, which is certainly a piece of good fortune for some rogues. But, on the other hand, the lawyers have suffered severely. Hardly a law library or law office is left; not a paper to show that there is a suit pending in any of the six courts of the county; not a judgment, not a petition in bankruptcy in the federal courts. And worse yet, so far as is known, all the records of deeds and mortgages are destroyed.

CHICAGO.

THE ACTUAL STATE OF AFFAIRS.

Interesting and Reliable Statistics.

The Chicago *Tribune*, of October 19th, has the following:

WHAT IS SPARED US.

"Our columns have been so extensively occupied during the past week with reports of the enormous losses of life and property in the late fire that there is some danger that the damage sustained will be over-estimated. True, we have seen 2,500 acres in the most central portion of the city swept bare, 20,000 buildings destroyed, and 100,000 persons rendered homeless, the total pecuniary loss being not less than

THREE HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS:

but we have still a great deal left. We may roughly estimate the situation as follows:

"Above 50,000 persons have left the city; population remaining, 250,000.

"Five grain elevators were burned, with 1,600,000 bushels of grain; leaving us with eleven grain warehouses intact, containing 5,000,000 bushels.

"One-half of our stocks of pork products were burned up, with the same proportion of flour.

"Of lumber, 50,000,000 feet were burned; the stock remaining is 240,000,000 feet.

"Of coal, 80,000 tons were burned up; we have 79,000 tons on hand.

"Our stock of leather was decreased one-quarter, the value of that burned up being $95,000.

"The greater portions of the stocks of groceries, dry goods, and boots and shoes were burned up, with more than one half the ready made clothing; but the quantities destroyed were scarcely equal to more than a three weeks' supply, and are now being rapidly replaced.

NOT MORE THAN TEN PER CENT

of the currency was destroyed by the fire; we have 50,000 houses left standing, and our real estate could not burn up.

"A careful average of these larger items, with smaller ones that need not be enumerated, shows that the city of Chicago has suffered a loss of not less than 20, nor more than 25, per cent. on her total assets—real and personal. The loss is a great one; but, so far from irretrievable, that we may confidently hope to see a return to former prosperity ere long. The ratio of increase during the past thirty-four years has averaged 10¼ per cent. per annum. This rate would restore the status of a month ago within three years. Making every due allowance for the terrible set back experienced, there can be no doubt that

FIVE YEARS HENCE,

at most, the exhibit of population, wealth, commerce and manufactures will be greater than a month ago. Already the city is rising from its ashes at a rapid rate, thanks to the large-hearted liberality of our countrymen everywhere, and the resistless energy of our own citizens. Let the faint-hearted ones take courage; the real workers have not wasted a moment in regret; after have repaired their losses there will be no occasion for it.

ATROCIOUS FABRICATIONS.

"The papers of the Eastern cities are publishing personal experiences of persons professing to have been sufferers by the fire in this city. These stories are for the most part fabrications. The descriptions given of murders and rapes by bullies, thieves, and ruffians, during the progress of the fire, are

WRETCHED INVENTIONS.

"A respectable New York paper gives room to a long recital of the narrow escape of 200 abandoned women from their lodgings in Reynolds' Block. The pictures of obscenity and profanity are drawn by an expert, but are wholly destitute of truth. No woman of that or any other class, occupied rooms in that block. The fire was horrible enough in all its details; there was a full share of the selfishness and heartlessness peculiar to human nature; there were frequent cases of drunkenness and indifference to the impending calamity, but there was no general brutality, fiendishness, nor crime. The thousand stories of incendiarism and crime during the progress of the fire

ARE GROSS EXAGGERATIONS,

perversions or pure fabrications. There was little time for stealing; the fire was too close upon the heels of honest men and thieves, and but little even of what was stolen could be carried off.

"The news of the fire brought hither

THOUSANDS OF THIEVES

from other cities; but these did not reach here until Wednesday and Thursday, and by that time public vigilance had been aroused, and their stay was short and unprofitable. The suffering of our people was terrible enough; it needs no exaggeration to make it the most extensive scene of human misery; but for the credit of common humanity we desire to stamp these stories of murder and other no less atrocious crimes as false in every particular.

THE DISTRIBUTION OF SUPPLIES.

"The system of relief inaugurated on Tuesday appears now to be working with the most gratifying smoothness, for which the Relief and Aid Society is deserving of the warmest admiration. Though colossal in its proportions, and labyrinthine in its intricacy, it is almost self-directing. The impulse once given, every piece of machinery is set in perfect motion. By Saturday, it is believed that every applicant will be recognized and registered; every bushel of flour, every pound of meat, every cent of money, will be also registered, and its distribution strictly accounted for.

"Meantime, the amount of provisions in store at the great depots is gradually diminishing. At the warehouse of

TOBEY AND BOOTH,

corner of Grove and Eighteenth streets, a very large quantity of provisions is in store. The warehouse is a model of neatness and order, and is carefully guarded. The work of receiving here was entrusted to General Hardee, United States army. He has endeavored, as much as possible, to concentrate the depots. There are, at present,

THREE GENERAL RECEIVING CENTRES,

the warehouse referred to, Shaw's packing house, at the foot of Twenty-first street, and the West Side Rink. These contain all the provisions in the city, and supply the direct centres on orders.

THE SUPPLIES AT PRESENT.

"There are at present in store the following supplies: Flour and breadstuffs, 2,000 barrels; meat, 30,000 pounds; stores, 300; blankets, 20,000; clothing, 550 cases; potatoes, 6,500 bushels; mattresses, 600, and a large amount of soap and miscellaneous articles. From this it will be seen that, while there is a large and promising supply of breadstuffs, the meat and small groceries are not as plentiful as could be desired. However, a rigid economy will be brought to bear, and none but the needy will be assisted. There are at present rations for 150,000 persons for one day, or for about 75,000 persons for four days, which is supposed to be an approximate estimate of the number needing succor.

SHELTER.

"A view of the headquarters of the various committees yesterday was particularly promising. All are hard at work, and everything is going on with the regularity of clockwork. The shelter committee has on hand about 1,000 applications for building materials, while over 150 orders have already been issued. A very large number will be given to-day, the applications having been subjected to an examination, and a large number found deserving.

LOCAL NOTICES.

NEW Rochelle, (Lawton) blackberry vines for sale, $5 per hundred, by JOSEPH GARRISON Bloomsburg, Pa.

TOBACCO and SEGARS can be bought at the Mammoth Grocery of I. H. MAIZE, at city prices. Quality very superior. Try them.

SINGERS New Family Sewing Machines—ten dollars cash—balance in monthly installments. J. A. DORAN, Agent, Bloomsburg, Pa. no.36-tf

DON'T forget to see GIBTON'S NEW OYSTER and FISH MARKET on Centre Street, near Clark and Wolf's Store.

GIBTON is receiving fat, clean and shell OYSTERS almost daily, at his new place on Centre Street, near Clark and Wolf's Store.

R. A. CLARKE of Exeter has just returned from the city with a fine assortment of millinery goods, to which she invites the attention of the people. tf.

PERSONS indebted to this office for job printing and advertising are reminded that one per cent. per month is added to all bills that stand over 30 days. nS8-tf.

PEOPLE seldom make an attack without warning; and may often be thrown off by soaking the feet in warm water, wrapping up warm in bed, and taking two or the "Pain-killer Pellets."

A MARTINSBURG just returned, says he regards "*Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*" as "the best all round medicine." It is adapted to a great variety of special cases, and is the best pain killer in the world.

THE statements made by dealers in other machines, that they sell New Singer Sewing Machines is not true. The Singer Manufactory supply no machines in Columbia county, except to their authorized agent, J. A. DORAN. no.36-tf

CLARK & WOLF have an assortment of goods now that would be a credit to any town or store in the State. Even their heavily advertisement can not do justice to the subject. It is well worth the time to call and see the goods and how cheap they can be sold.

A GENERAL assortment of SCHOOL BOOKS and STATIONARY, wholesale and retail at A. D. WEBB'S Book Store, opposite the Court House. Miscellaneous books, portmonaies, stereoscopic pictures, games, picture-books, blank-books of all kinds, etc., etc. nS8-tf.

A NEWAND elegant assortment of fall and winter goods has just been received by S. H. MILLER & SON, which they offer at very low prices. Also all articles usually kept in a dry goods store. Their friends and the public are invited to call and examine them.

CRAMPS and pains in the stomach, are the result of imperfect indigestion, and may be immediately relieved by a dose of JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT. A teaspoonful in a little sweetened water will suffice.

HEAVY oats are good for horses; none will deny that; but oats can't make a horse's coat look smooth and glossy when he is out of condition. SHERIDAN'S CAVALRY CONDITION POWDERS will do this when all else fails.

NEW MILLENERY Goods, of the latest and most fashionable styles, and at reasonable prices, just received by Mrs. I. ROCKEFELLER, at her store on Main street, below Market, Bloomsburg. A full line of goods always on hand and all Millenery work done to order. Oct 6-3.

NEVERMORE! NEVERMORE!—In the sad exclamation of the invalid, who has abandoned, for some worthless compound, a sterling medicinal preparation. If any sufferer from Dyspepsia, Constipation, Biliousness or Debility, has been lured, in a Weak moment from either of those two sovereign Vegetable Specifics, *Hoofland's German Bitters*, or *Hoofland's Tonic*, and induced to "run after strange gods," "Nevermore! Nevermore!" is his cry, as he returns disgusted to the standard remedy. Sold by all druggists.

MARRIAGES.

EATON—OHL—On October 12, at the house of the bride's parents, by the Rev. F. J. Mohr, Mr. James M. Eaton, of Archbald, Luzerne Co., Pa., to Miss S. Alice Ohl, of Bloomsburg.

OSMUN—YOST—In Catawissa, at the M. E. Parsonage on Saturday, October 21st, by Rev. A. M. Crosier, Mr. Wm. D. Osmun, of Wyanett, Furcan County Pa., formerly of Mt. Pleasant Township, Pa., and Miss Sevilla Yost, of Locust township, Columbia county, Pa.

DEATHS.

SHULTZ—On October 8th, Jacob Trueman, son of William and Rebecca Shultz of Locust township, aged 3 years and 11 months.

WEAVER—On the 17th inst., Mrs. Elizabeth consort of Pinson Weaver, of Catawissa, aged 80 years, 7 months and 21 days.

SHEAP—On the 19th inst., at Danville, Mrs. Phebia, wife of Mr. Norman P. Sheap, and daughter of Benjamin and Hannah Bombay, aged 21 years, 5 months and 29 days.

TRUST WHAT TIME HAS SANCTIONED.—The maxim that the voice of the people is the voice of the divinity, may in some cases, be open to doubt, but the testimony of honest and enlightened witnesses extending through a series of years, and all to the same purport, is worthy of credence, admits of no question. Upon such testimony the reputation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as an antidote and cure for many ailments is based. During the twenty years that it has been before the world, innumerable preparations intended to compete with it, have gone up like rockets, and come down the extinguished sticks. Meanwhile the progress of that incomparable tonic has been swift and steady—always upward and onward like the eagle's flight. Its introduction produced a revolution in therapeutics, and it proved to be one of those salutary revolutions that cannot go backwards. To-day Hostetter's Bitters is one of the most popular remedies in christendom, and commands a larger sale than any other medicinal preparation, domestic or imported, on this side of the Atlantic. As a cure for dyspepsia, bilious disorders, nervous affections, general debility, and as a preventive of epidemic fevers, it takes precedence of every other remedy. This fact should teach the ambitious country dealers who endeavor to foist their local abortions on the public in its stead, how futile their small attempts to cajole the community must necessarily be. Where the game fish have failed there is no chance for the "suckers."

LADIES' FANCY FURS!

JOHN FAREIRA,

718 ARCH ST., Middle of the Block, between 7th and 8th Sts., South Side, PHILADELPHIA. Importer, Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds and quality of

FANCY FURS

FOR LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S WEAR.

Having imported a very large and splendid assortment of all the different kinds of Furs from first hands in Europe, and have had them made up by the most skillful workmen, would respectfully invite the readers of this paper to call and examine his very large and beautiful assortment of Fancy Furs, FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN. I am determined to sell at as LOW PRICES as any other responsible House in this city. All Furs WARRANTED. NO MISREPRESENTATION TO EFFECT SALES.

JOHN FAREIRA,
718 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
oct20'71-3m.

BARGAINS—BARGAINS.

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.
SAVE YOUR MONEY.
Go to
HENRY YOST,
East Bloomsburg Pa., for all kinds of the best home and city made
FURNITURE.
Prices reasonable and the best work done.
jan 1'71—tf

SHARPLESS & HARMAN,

In consideration of tearing down our works and rebuilding—which will be commenced very soon—we are offering plows, stoves, &c., at greatly reduced prices.

B. F. SHARPLESS & P. S. HARMAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa. Proprietors
Mar.19,'69-tf.

HEAD QUARTERS
FOR
BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS,
IS AT
E. M. KNORR'S
CHEAPEST AND BEST
The County Affords
AT
CASH PRICES
LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS
IN BOOTS AND SHOES THIS FALL.
Come and Examine
Before Purchasing Elsewhere,
E. M. KNORR.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
September 8, 1871.

LACKAWANNA AND BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD.

On and after July 17, 1871, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Stations.	Going North. Arrive Arrive	Going South. Leave Leave
	a. m. p. m.	p. m. a. m.
Scranton	9.30 1.10	4.45 10.05
Pittston	8.15 11.52	3.11 8.50
Kingston	8.8 11.31	2.51 8.30
Wilkes' Barre	8.30 12.01	3.01 11.00
Pigmouth	7.48 12.39	3.39
Shickshinny	7.20 12.09	3.09
Berwick	7.05 11.56	2.54
Bloom	6.55 11.45	2.37
Danville	6.30 11.20	2.07

Connection made at Scranton by the 12.05 a.m. train for Great Bend, Binghamton, Albany and all points North, East and West.

H. E. PACKER, Supt.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

On and after August 7th, 1871, Trains will leave as follows:

NORTHWARD.

1. A. M. Daily (except Sundays) for Williamsport, Lock Haven, Elmira, Canandaigua, Rochester, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and St. Louis.
2. A. M. Daily (except Sundays) for Williamsport and Elmira.
3. P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Renovo, Elmira and Niagara Falls. Connects for Erie Express.

TRAINS SOUTHWARD.

1. A. M. Daily (except Sundays) for Baltimore, WILMINGTON AND PHILADELPHIA.
2. P. M. Daily (except Sundays) for Baltimore, Washington and Philadelphia.

Through Tickets to all points West, at the Ticket Office.

Depot, corner Eighth and Market Streets.

ALFRED R. FISH, Gen'l Pass'r Agent.

CATAWISSA RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS, 1871.

Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Mail South.	Stations.	Mail North.
Lv. 8.55 a.m.	Williamsport,	Lv. 6.30 p. m.
" 9.10 "	Muncy,	" 6.15 "
" 10.21 "	Danville,	" 4.51 "
" 10.38 "	Rupert,	" 4.34 "
" 10.45 "	Catawissa,	" 4.27 "
" 11.05 "	Bingtown,	" 4.05 "
" 12.04 p.m.	Summit,	" 3.26 "
" 12.24 "	Conyngham,	" 3.09 "
" 12.48 "	E. Mahanoy Jane,	" 2.45 "
" 1.30 "	Dans Tannery, Dine.	" 12.52 "
" 4.25 "	Reading,	" 10.40 a.m.
" 5.15 "	Pottsville,	"
" 7.00 "	Philadelphia,	" 8.15 "
" 1.25 "	Dine Mauch Chunk, dine	1.55 p. m.
" 2.53 "	Bethlehem,	" 12.20 noon
" 3.05 "	Phila. Via Bethlehem,	" 9.30 a.m
" 2.35 "	Easton,	" 11.35 "
	New York, 11, Liberty st.,	
" 5.20 "	via L. & S. R. R.	" 9.05 "
" 8.55 "	via Easton,	" 9.00 "
5.50 a.m.	Boston,	" 2.00 p.m

Passengers taking the 8.25 train from Williamsport, will have two hours in New York, for supper, and arrive in Boston at 5.30 a.m., eleven hours in advance of all other routes.

New day coaches accompany all trains between Williamsport, New York and Philadelphia.

Trains run through by daylight.

GEO. WEBB, Supt.

READING RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MONDAY, May 15, 1871.

Great Trunk Line from the North and North-West for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin, Lebanon Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster Columbia, &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York as follows: At 2.40, 5.05, a. m., and 2.00 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at 10.05, a. m., 5.00, and 9.30 p. m. respectively. Sleeping cars accompany the 2.40 a. m. train without change.

Returning, leave New York at 9.00 a.m. and 12.00 noon and 5.00 p. m. Philadelphia at 7.50, 8.30 a. m. and 3.30 p. m. Sleeping cars accompany the 9.00 p.m. train from N. Y. without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin Allentown and Phila'd, at 8.10 a.m., and 2.00 and 4.05 p.m., stopping at Lebanon and principal stations; the 4.05 p.m. train connecting for Phila Pottsville and Columbia only. For Pottsville Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad, leave Harrisburg at 8.40 p.m.

East Pennsylvania Railroad trains leave Reading for Allentown Easton and New York at 4.22, 10.30, a. m., and 4.05 p. m. Returning, leave New York at 9.00 a. m., 12.00 noon and 5.00 p. m. and Allentown at 7.30 a. m. 12.25 noon, 2.15, 4.55 and 8.30 p. m.

Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 a.m., connecting with similar train on East Pa. railroad returning from Reading at 6.30 p. m. stopping at all stations.

Leave Pottsville at 9.00 a.m., and 2.30 p.m. Herndon at 10.00 a. m., Shamokin at 5.40 and 11.15 a. m., Ashland at 5.50 a.m. and 12.45 noon Mahanoy City at 7.45 a. m. and 1.21 p. m. Tamaqua at 8.30 a. m., and 2.00 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

Leave Pottsville via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 8.45 a.m. for Harrisburg, and 11.15 a. m., for Pine Grove and Tremont.

Reading Accommodation Train leaves Reading at 7.30 a. m., and 5.45 p.m. for Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.,

Perkiomen Rail Road Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 7.37, 9.55 a. m., 3.00 & 6.00 p. m. Returning leave Schwenksville at 8.30, 8.50 a.m., 12.50 noon & 4.45 p.m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Chesbrookville Railroad trains leave Pottstown at 9.40 a.m. & 1.15 6.45 p.m. returning leave Mount Pleasant at 7.00 and 11.50 a. m., 3.00 p.m. connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Chester Valley Railroad Trains leave Bridgeport at 7.30 a. m. and 2.05 and 5.52 p. m. returning, leave Downington at 6.40 a. m., 12.45 noon and 5.20 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

On Sundays, leave New York at 5.00 p.m., Philadelphia at 8.00 a.m. and 3.15 p.m., (the 8.00 a.m. train running only to Reading), leave Pottsville, 9.30 a.m., Harrisburg at 2.40 a. m. and 2.00 p. m. and leave Allentown at 4.25 and 8.55 p. m., and leave Reading at 7.15 a. m. and 9.50 p. m. for Harrisburg, at 5.00 a. m. for New York, at 1.20 a. m., for Allentown and at 3.40 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets to and from all points, at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each passenger.

J. E. WOOTTEN,
Asst. Supt. & Eng. Mach'ry.
Reading, Pa., April 3, 1871.

GLOBE MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF
NEW YORK.

Pliny Freeman, President, H. C. Freeman, Sec
Cash capital over $2,000,000, all paid.

J. B. ROBISON, BLOOMSBURG, PA
GENERAL AGENT,
For Luzerne, Lycoming and Columbia counties.
Aug. 20,'69.

MAGAZINES, DAILY & WEEKLY
PAPERS OF ALL KINDS
AT THE BOOK STORE OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE.

Also an assortment of Portemonnaies, Pass Books and Account Books, constantly on hand. Books not on hand obtained on short notice.

New Books are constantly being added to the "Bloomsburg Circulating Library." Among the latest are "Guilt and Innocence," "Motherless," "Sir Harry," "Hot Spur or Humbleth wait," and "Marquerite," etc. apr 28, 71—tf

NEW
GOODS
AT
M. P. LUTZ'S,
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS
For Every Body.
—:o:—
CALL AND MAKE YOUR OWN SELECTIONS.

SHAWLS
At Last Year's Prices.
NO ADVANCE ON PRINTS.
THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT
OF
DRESS GOODS
IN BLOOMSBURG.
BROWER'S BLOCK,
NEXT TO COURT HOUSE.

MILLER'S STORE.

S. H. MILLER & SON,

have removed their Store to the room formerly occupied by Mendenhall, on Main street, Bloomsburg, nearly opposite the Episcopal Church where they are determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured else where. Their stock comprises

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Shawls,
Flannels,
Hose,
White Goods,
Linens,
Table Cloths,
Muslins,
Hollowware,
Cedarware,
Hardware,
Queensware,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps
Hoop Nets,
Umbrellas,
Looking-Glasses,
Tobacco,
Coffee,
Sugars,
Teas,
Rice,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cinnamon,
Nutmegs

AND NOTIONS GENERALLY.

In short, everything usually kept in country stores, to which they invite the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.

S. H. MILLER & SON
Bloomsburg Pa.
oct 13'71—

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Fresh arrival of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS
DAVID LOWENBERG
Invites attention to his stock of
CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,
at his store on
Main Street, in Shive's block, one door West of C. C. Mart's store,
Bloomsburg, Pa.,
where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome
DRESS GOODS,
consisting of
BOX, SACK, ROCO, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,
of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of
FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS,
STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS
SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES
He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of
CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,
which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.
GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of
CLOTHING, WATCHES JEWELRY, &C.
oct 13'71 DAVID LOWENBERG.

DENTISTRY.

H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,

Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.

Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.
Bloomsburg, Jan. 1'71—ly

CLARK & WOLF'S COLUMN.

We offer a SILK CORDED POPLIN that sold at $1.50 now at $1.25 per yard.

A splendid JAPANESE STRIPE at $1.00 per yard.

A full line of BLACK ALPACA from 30 cents to $1.25 per yard.

Our 65 cent Alpaca can't be beat, our 75 cent Alpaca prime.

And you know our 65 ct. Alpaca is the best in the Market for the money.

A Sixteen bone CORSET at 70 cents.

Our $1.50 Long bone CORSET is worth buying.

Bleached and unbleached MUSLIN, a full stock.

APPLETON A., at 14 cents by the boil, 15 cents by the yard.

OIL CLOTHS 4-4, 6-4 and 8-4 wide.

TEA SETTS of 45 pieces, from stone ware at $3.75 per set.

Our stock of TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, &c., is full and at the lowest figures.

Our stock of NOTIONS is full and complete.

BOOTS and SHOES, a full line.

CLARK & WOLF are closing out their stock of SHAWLS at reduced prices, many of them at cost.

We carried no stock of FURS over from last season, our present stock is large and all new, and we offer them from $2.50 to $25.00 per set.

WATER-PROOF CLOTHING at $1.85, $1.75, $1.50 and $1.25.

Ladies FRINGED SUITING CLOTH for Polonaises at $2.00 per yard.

WHICH ARE NOW IN STORE.
THEY WILL SELL THEM
Low For Cash
OR
PRODUCE.
CLARK & WOLF
HAVE
Reduced the Price on Many of their Spring and Summer Styles of Dress Goods
CALL AND SEE,
Opposite Brown's Hotel
BLOOMSBURG.

Real Estate Sales.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of authority and order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned administrators of the estate of Jacob Kistenmacher, deceased, will expose to sale by public vendue on the premises, on

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23rd, 1871,

a large quantity of valuable lands situate in Franklin township in said county, described as follows:

The homestead farm of the decedent, lying in Franklin township in Columbia county, bounded by lands of J. T. Heeter, lands of Philip Mordhurst, lands of Yetter's heirs, lands of Moses Hower, lands of H. J. Keeler, lands of Elias Wenner, lands of Wm. Snyder, lands of John Hower and George Kroll and others, containing

TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-EIGHT ACRES

and twenty-nine perches, whereon are erected a large brick dwelling house, a large bank barn sheds and outbuildings, with a large spring and fruit orchard, with a well at house, and a spring and well at barn, and a second excellent and large spring on south side of the farm. There is on the farm

28 ACRES OF TIMBER.

The property lies three miles from Catawissa, on the public road leading from that place to Elysburg. The neighborhood good and healthy, and the land in an excellent state of cultivation. No more desirable property has been offered for many years.

Also, a lot of timber land—the undivided seventh conditioning lands of P. Artley, Wm. George, C. Artley and others. To be disposed of on one peace, or in three lots of about

TWENTY ACRES EACH,

as shall be deemed most expedient. The whole property will be offered until the title to the one-seventh lands be perfected.

Also, will be offered a tract of land adjoining H. F. Clark, lands of Stocker & Gingles, lands of P. Mombardt and T. Reeder, containing

SEVENTY-ONE ACRES,

more or less, whereon are erected a brick dwelling house, a bank barn, wagon house, spring house and all other necessary outbuildings. There is also a spring of excellent water, a good orchard and meadow, with about four acres of choice timber. All in excellent order and cultivation.

The lands will be offered at the homestead in the order named. The

GRAIN IN THE GROUND

IS RESERVED.

Possession of the timber tract or tracts, immediately upon paying the purchase money or securing the same to be paid. And of the other two on the 1st of April, A. D. 1872, upon compliance with the conditions.

Drafts and conveyances to be at the expense of the purchaser or purchasers.

D. N. ROSENBERGER,
JOSEPH E. KNITTLE,
Administrators.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation Nisi.

WELLINGTON H. ENT, CLERK.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 20th, 1871—ts.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, will be exposed to sale at the late residence of Daniel Kelly, deceased, in Locust township, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1871,

at the following described property, to wit:

No. 1. All that certain messuage and tract of land situated in Locust township, in the county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post corner of land sold by Peter Hoffman, north eighty-three degrees and forty-seven minutes east two hundred and three-tenth perches to a post, thence by lands of Layfett Winn, south four degrees and one hundred and forty-three-tenth perches to a post, thence by lands of Layfett Winn, south eighty-three degrees and fifteen minutes, west twenty-eight and three-tenth perches to a stone, thence by lands of Henry Kelly, south four degrees, east one hundred and forty-six and four-tenth perches to the place of beginning containing

TWENTY-THREE ACRES

and forty and a half perches of land, and the usual allowance, &c. Thereon is erected a two story frame dwelling house, a bank barn and other out buildings.

No. 2. All that certain piece or tract of land situate in Locust township and county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Joseph Wharton, north eighty-three degrees and forty-seven minutes east fifty-one and four-tenth perches to a post, thence by same, north five degrees and forty-five minutes, west twenty-one and six-tenth perches to a post corner near a chestnut, thence by lands of Joseph Wharton, north eighty-three degrees and forty-seven minutes east fifty-one and four-tenth perches to a post, thence by same, north five degrees and forty-five minutes, west twenty-one and six-tenth perches to a post corner near a chestnut, thence by lands of Layfett Winn, south eighty-three degrees and forty-seven minutes, west fifty-one and four-tenth perches to the place of beginning containing

6 ACRES AND 44 PERCHES

of land, and the usual allowance, &c.

Also, will be offered at the same time and place the following described personal property, to wit:

Corn, buckwheat and potatoes by the bushel, and hay and straw by the ton, and Corn Fodder by the hundred. Terms made known on day of sale.

HENRY KELLER,
Administrator.
October 2, 1871. (octo.7'71.)

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, will be exposed to public sale by the undersigned administrators of James Hess, deceased, on the premises on

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2nd, 1871,

at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, the following described real estate, to wit:

A certain messuage, being the mansion house and tract of land, situate in the township of Sugarloaf and county aforesaid, bounded by lands of said deceased on the south and west, by lands of James Hess and William Dewitt on the north and by lands of Jacobus Savage on the east, containing

ONE HUNDRED ACRES,

more or less. The house is a good Hotel stand, a good well near the door, and on the premises are a good

ORCHARD

of choice fruit. Also a tract of land adjoining the above described tract on the north, bounded by lands of Craig & Blanchard on the east, by lands of Samuel Fritz on the south, and by lands of Craig & Blanchard on the west, containing

ONE HUNDRED ACRES,

more or less, being timber land.

Also a certain tract of land situate in Davidson township, Sullivan county, bounded on the north by lands of Peter Moss, on the west by Elisha Smith and Hannah Smith, on the south by lands of Samuel Kriesbaum and on the east by lands of Elijah Hess, containing

THIRTY-TWO ACRES,

more or less, being improved land.

ELIJAH HESS,
JOHN W. KILE,
Administrators.
Centre, October 13, 1871.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned as Trustee appointed by the Court to sell the real estate of William Penn deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4

Female Influence.

Domestic life is a woman's sphere; it is there that she is most usefully and most appropriately employed. But society, too, feels her influence, and owes to her, in great measure, its balance and its tone. She may be here a corrective of what is unruly, a restraint on what is indecorous. Her presence may be a pledge against impropriety and excess, a check on vice, and a protection to virtue. And it is her delicacy which will secure her such an influence, and enable her to maintain it.

Delicacy is, indeed, the point of honor in woman. And her purity of manner insures to her deference, and represses more effectually than any other influence, impropriety of every kind. A delicate woman, too, will be more loved as well as more respected, than any other; for affection can scarcely be excited, and certainly cannot long subsist, unless it is founded on esteem. Yet such delicacy is neither prudish nor insipid. Conversation, for instance, is one great source of a woman's influence and it is her province, and peculiar talent, to give zest to it. She is, and ought to be, the enlivener of society: if she restrains impropriety she may promote cheerfulness; and it is not because her conversation is innocent that it need therefore be dull. The charm of conversation is feeling; forgetting one'sself, and sympathizing with others. It is not to shine, but to please, that a woman should desire.

A woman should be elegant, not only in manner but in mind. Manner is, indeed, generally symtomatic; but, as it may be artificial, it is no sure criterion of mental grace. It is the latter which is essential to true beauty. Without it the fairest form disappoints and wearies. It is the radiance that sets off every other charm and sheds on each its appropriate hue. It is tint and proportion. Yet it is more easily understood than defined, and better felt than expressed. It is a criterion of elegance. The modes of fashion are entirely conventional, and are often ungraceful as they are capricious. But breeding is quite a different thing. It is unobtrusive and unpretending. It is always self possessed and at ease; for it knows its own place and its own relations, nor are its attentions ever troublesome. Yet this quiet and lady-like deportment though it seems to employ no effort is by no means an easy or a common attainment. On the contrary, we often see women who have lived much in society very deficient in this criterion of grace. And we can quite understand the remark of a really well-bred woman on a candidate for fashionable society: "Yes; she is very pretty, and very pleasing, but she wants repose."

Elegance is nature, but not rude nature; it is unaffected but not unpolished. It copies natural grace, and corrects natural defects. Yet it is no servile imitator; for it studies suitability as well as simplicity. It does not, for instance, imagine that what is very pretty and playful in a girl of fourteen is equally becoming at thirty. Least of all does it indulge in that raillery, which is piquant only because it is personal, and which amuses in proportion as it annoys. It has a respect for the feelings, and a tenderness even for the faults of others; and as it never wounds, so does it never invite aggression. It implies, too, feeling; and here again does it differ from the polish of the world. Selfishness is the bane of fashionable life. Every one is *there* cold, for every one is selfish.

A German Story.

In that beautiful part of Germany bordering on the Rhine, there is a noble castle, which, as you travel on the western bank of the river, you may see lifting its ancient towers on the opposite bank, above the grove of trees which are as old as itself. About forty years ago there lived in that castle a noble gentleman, whom we shall now call the Baron. The Baron had an only son, who was not only a comfort to his father, but a blessing to all who lived on his father's land.

It happened on one occasion that the young man being from home there came a French gentleman to see the Baron. As this gentleman came into the castle, he began to talk of his Heavenly Father in terms that chilled the old man's blood, on which the old man reproved him, saying, 'Are you not afraid of offending God, who reigns above, by speaking in such a manner?'

The gentleman said he knew nothing about God, that he had never seen him; the Baron did not notice at this time what the gentleman said, but the next morning, took occasion, first, to show him a beautiful picture that hung on the wall.

'My son drew that picture,' said the Baron.

'Then your son is a clever man,' replied the gentleman.

Then the Baron went with him into the garden and showed him many beautiful flowers and plants,

'Who has the ordering of the garden?' said the gentleman.

'My son,' said the Baron; 'he knows every plant, I may say, from the cedar of Lebanon to the hissop on the wall.'

'Indeed,' said the gentleman; 'I shall think very highly of him soon.'

The Baron took him into the village, and showed him a small, neat cottage, where his son had established a school and where he caused all poor children wha had lost their parents to be received and nourished at his own expense.

The children in this house looked so happy and innocent that the French gentleman was very much pleased, and when he returned to the castle he said to the Baron:

'What a happy man are you to have so good a son!'

'How do you know that I have a good son?'

'Because I have seen his works, and I know that he must be clever and good, if he has done all you have shown me.'

'But you have never seen him.'

'No, but I know him very well, because I judge of him by his works.'

'You do; and now please draw near this window, and tell me what you observe from thence.'

'Why, I see the sun traveling through the sky, and shedding its glories over one of the greatest countries in the world; and a vast range of woods, and I see pasture grounds and vineyards, and cattle and sheep feeding in green fields, and many thatched cottages here and there.'

'And do you see nothing pleasant or lovely or cheerful in all that is spread before you?'

'Do you think that I want common sense, or that I have lost the use of my eyes, my friend?' said the gentleman, getting angry, 'that I should not be able to enjoy such a scene as this?'

'Well, then,' said the Baron, 'If you are able to judge of my son's good works, how does it happen that you form no judgment of the goodness of God, by witnessing such wonders of his handiwork as are now before you? Let me never hear you, my good friend, again say that you know not God, unless you have not the use of your senses.'

RELIGION is the best armor in the world but the worst cloak.

REALLY to inform the mind is to correct and enlarge the heart.

NO MAN can be elevated who does not love something higher and better than himself.

WISDOM and power, like piety, are perfected through suffering.

DO NOT condemn or think hard of those who cannot see just as you see, or judge it their duty to contradict you.

SANDS from the mountain; moments make the year.

IF good men are sad, it is not because they are good, but because they are not better.

GET all you can, save all you can, give all you can.

LOSE not thy own for the sake of asking for it; 'twill give thee no thanks.

THE generous heart should scorn a pleasure which gives others pain.

THE whole sum of human virtue may be reduced to speaking the truth always, and doing good to others.

MERIT readily recognizes merit. Certainly he cannot have it who doesn't know it when he sees it.

ONE principal point of good-breeding is to suit ourselves to three several degrees of men—our superiors, our equals and those below us.

A LITTLE philosophy inclineth a *man's mind to atheism*, but depth of philosophy bringeth one's mind about to religion.

HONEST industry is, after all, man's only sure dependence for the double blessing of a contented mind and comfortable livelihood.

LOVE may exist without jealousy, although this is rare; but jealousy may exist without love, and this is common.

AN hour's industry will do more to produce cheerfulness, suppress evil humors, and retrieve your affairs, than a month's moaning.

A MAN behind the times is apt to speak ill of them, on the principle that nothing looks well from behind.

MEN'S hearts ought not to be set against one another, but set with one another, and all against the evil thing only.

THE happiness of the human race in this world does not consist of our being devoid of passions, but in our learning to command them.

SOME men are kinder to the occupants of their kennels than to their families. They will treat wife and children like dogs, but not dogs themselves so.

A MAN should never be ashamed to own he has been in the wrong, which is but saying, in other words, that he is wiser to-day than he was yesterday.

IN all differences consider that both you and your opponent are dropping off, and that ere long your very memories will be extinguished.

IMPERTURBABLE good temper is an effectual defense against ill-natured sarcasm. The laugh is never long against the man who meets ridicule serenely.

AS WE hold a candle to the flame until it is fully lighted, so we must hold ourselves to Christ and his word by meditation.

Bestow all the time you can spare from the necessary business of life, in preparing yourself and those about you, for their entrance into a better life.

IT is vain to hope to please all alike. Let a man stand with his face in what direction he will, he must necessarily turn his back on one-half of the world.

NEVER hold anyone by the button or the hand, in order to be heard out; for if people are unwilling to hear you, you had better hold your tongue than them.

WHO sedulously attends, pointedly asks, calmly speaks, coolly answers, and ceases when he has no more to say, is in possession of some of the best requisites of man.

THERE is not so agonizing a feeling in the whole catalogue of human suffering as the first conviction that the heart of the being whom we most tenderly love is estranged from us.

A WESTERN paper accuses a cotemporary of "dirty meanness," and remarks, "We want him to understand that two can play at that game." A rather frank avowal.

PU[redacted] soft [redacted] its w[redacted] and [redacted] a tho[redacted]

LO[redacted] friends. A single drop of [redacted] very small thing, yet dropped into a tumbler of clear, pure water, it blackens the whole.

Do daily and hourly your duty; do it patiently and thoroughly. Do it as it presents itself, do it at the moment, and let it be its own reward. Never mind whether it is known or acknowledged or not; but do not fail to do it.

PERPETUAL complaints are like unto a new cart, which creaks and cries even while it has no burden but its own wheels; whereas that which is long used and well oiled, goes silently away with a heavy load.

HAIL! ye small, sweet courtesies of life, for smooth do ye make the road of it like grace and beauty which beget inclinations to love at the first sight; 'tis ye who open the door and let the stranger in.

GIVE not thy tongue too great a liberty lest it make thee prisoner. A word unspoken is like the sword in the scabbard—thine; if vented, thy sword is in another's hand. If thou desirest to be held wise, be so wise as to hold thy tongue.

POLITENESS is a spontaneous movement of a good heart and an observing mind. Benevolence will teach us temperance toward the feeling of others and habits of observation will enable us to promptly and easily tell what those feelings are.

Let us be hearty in our pleasures as in our work, and not think the gracious Being who has made us so open-hearted to delight, looks with dissatisfaction at our enjoyments, as a hard taskmaster might, who in the glee of his slaves could see only a hindrance to their profitable working.

Miscellaneous.

THE HISTORY OF COLUMBIA county from its organization in 1813 to 1871, Compiled and edited by JOHN G. FREEZE. One volume octavo, 500 pages, Cloth $2.50, half library, $3.50, full library $4.00.

Beginning with the early history of the territory comprised within the limits of Columbia and Montour, this volume gives the organization of its original boundaries, its subsequent legislative reductions, and the erection of Montour county. A chapter on its streams and mountains—the date of the erections of the townships and boroughs, and the territory out of which they were formed—the personnel of the courts, comprising the names of the President Judges the Associates, the Prothonotaries, Registers, Sheriffs and the resident Attorneys of both Columbia and Montour.

It has chapters on Bloomsburg, Danville, Berwick, Catawissa and the smaller towns. Full election statistics. The Removal question, and the vote on it by townships.

The census by townships, including Montour, from 1810 to 1870, the taxables for 1871 and the number of acres of land in each township. A very complete list of the members of Congress, Senate and House of Representatives, Columbia county, with full and various election returns for State and Federal offices by townships.

THE WAR RECORD OF COLUMBIA AND MONTOUR

counties, comprising the muster roll of all the companies and parts of companies recruited therein, the No. of the Regiment, the battles they were engaged in, with numerous items of personal interest. A list of all the drafted men, the names of the conscientious-scruple exempts and the emergency men of September, 1862 and June last, being a complete war record of the rebellion.

ALSO

THE INVASION OF COLUMBIA COUNTY,

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PROF. H. D. WALKER, A. M.

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For particulars respecting Board, Tuition, Books, &c., Address the Principal, or

NORMAN PHELPS, Esq.,
Secretary of Trustees,
Waverly, Luzerne county, Sept. 28th, 1871-tf.

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Jan 1'71

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W. F. PIATT, Proprietor,

BENTON, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

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Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

They invigorate the stomach and stimulate the torpid Liver, and Bowels, which impart new life and vigor to the whole system.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, in connection with the Tonic, Aperient, and Alterative properties of these Bitters, they have no equal. Ladies, suffering from Suppression, Irregularity, Painful Menstruation, Ulceration of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa, Prolapsus or Falling of the Uterus, Chronic Inflammation, Congestion, Irritation or Inflammation of the Neck of the Bladder, Chronic Inflammation, Dropsy, Kidney Diseases, and all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, these Bitters have been unequaled. They act directly upon the Uterine System, and restore the patient to a healthy condition.

FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald-Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effect.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages, viz: English, German, French and Spanish.

J. WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, Cal., and 32 and 34 Commerce Street, New York.

☞ SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS. oct 28'70-1f.

DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY

I do not wish to inform you, reader, that Dr. Wonderful, or any other man, has discovered a remedy that cures Consumption, when the lungs are half consumed, in short, will cure all diseases whether of mind, body or estate, make man live forever, and have death to play for want of work, and is designed to make our sublunary sphere a blissful Paradise, to which Heaven itself shall but a side-show. You have heard enough of that kind of humbuggery. But when I tell you that Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will positively cure the worst case of Catarrh in the Head, I only assert that which thousands can testify to. I will pay $500 Reward for a case that I cannot cure. A pamphlet giving symptoms and other information will be sent free to any address. This remedy is

SOLD BY MOST DRUGGISTS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Price 50 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of sixty cents, or four dollars for two dollars. Send for circular. Sold by all druggists. See that my private Stamp, which is a positive guarantee of genuineness, is upon the outside wrapper. Remember that this private Stamp, issued by the United States Government expressly for stamping my medicines, has my portrait, name and address, and the words "U. S. Certificate of Genuineness," engraved upon it, and need not be mistaken. Don't be swindled by travelers and others representing themselves as Dr. Sage. I am the only man living that has the knowledge and right to manufacture the Genuine Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and I never travel to sell this medicine.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D.,
oct28'70-1y. 663 Seneca Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA

SPEEDY RELIEF WILL BE FOUND

To any person producing any Medicine showing half as many living, permanent cures in Dr. PIERCE'S NEW ENGLAND FAMILY REMEDY, as I can show in my one town of Hamilton, Canada West, in the same length of time. A pleasant Medicine, free from injurious drugs. Warranted, under oath, to have permanently cured thirty-eight patients in Hamilton, in two years, or the money refunded. It is the scientific prescription of Professor Jos. P. Pitzer, M. D., a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, and for thirty years one of Philadelphia's oldest regular physicians, and Professor of Chemistry and Toxicology,—who has made Neuralgia, Rheumatism and Inflammatory Rheumatism the speciality of his entire professional life—a fact vouched for by the signatures accompanying each bottle, of many prominent reverend gentlemen, as well as leading citizens. To protect sufferers from poisonous quack nostrums and useless expenditure of money, a legal signed guarantee, backed by a cash number of dollars warranted to cure, will be forwarded gratis to any sufferer sending by letter a full description of disease. Patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not.

The directions for taking the medicines are adapted to the intelligence of a child. Follow these directions, and trust Nature will do the rest, excepting that in some cases the Neuralgia pills are to be taken for a longer time. The three medicines need no other accompaniments than the simple instructions that accompany them. It will create opposition, by depriving lawyers of the most lucrative source of income. When it comes, as it will come, let the despairing at once be of good cheer. Good blood at once follows, the cough ceases, the night sweats stop, and a short time both of these morbid symptoms are gone forever.

Dr. Pierce's medicines are constantly kept in lots of thousands of families. As a laxative or purgative, the Neuralgia Pills are a standard preparation; while the Pulmonic Syrup, as a cure of coughs and colds, may be regarded as a prophylacteric against consumption in any of its forms.

Five of the Pulmonic Syrup and Smyrna Tonic, $5.00 a bottle, or $2.50 a half dozen. Manadrake Pills, 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists and dealers.

Johnson, Holloway & Cowden, 602 Arch street Philadelphia, wholesale agents. may 19'71 6y

ROSADALIS

ROSADALIS

THE INGREDIENTS THAT COMPOSE ROSADALIS are published on every package, therefore it is not a secret preparation, consequently

PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE IT

It is a certain cure for Scrofula, Syphilis in all its forms, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint and all diseases of the Blood.

ONE BOTTLE OF ROSADALIS will do more good than ten bottles of the Syrups of Sarsaparilla.

THE UNDERSIGNED PHYSICIANS have used Rosadalis in their practice for the past three years and freely endorse it as a reliable Alterative and Blood Purifier.

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DR. T. J. HOPKINS, "
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DR. F. O. DANNELLY, "
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Our space will not allow of any extended notices of Rosadalis in addition to the statement of Rosadalis. To the Medical Profession we guarantee a Fluid Extract superior to any they have ever used in the treatment of diseased blood; and to the afflicted we say try Rosadalis and you will be restored to health.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists, price $1.50 per bottle. Address

DR. CLEMENTS & CO.
Manufacturing Chemists,
BALTIMORE, Md.

BALTIMORE PIANOS.

We respectfully call the attention of those desiring to purchase one of Pianos, that we are satisfied that we can give satisfaction in every case. Our workmen skillful and experienced and are under the personal superintendence of the members of our firm. We use only the best seasoned timber, and the material in general is first class. Our Pianos without exception have the purest agraffes and tuning pins throughout, which in the opinion of the most competent judges is pronounced valuable. By this improvement a Piano is made more durable and keeps the tone longer. We claim for our instruments that they are second to none, and they combine all the essential elements that constitute superior workmanship. We will give a written guarantee for five years.

Mr. CONRAD FREIMAN, member of our firm, will visit Bloomsburg four times a year to repair and attend to tuning of all Pianos. In the absence of Mr. FREIMAN, Mr. I. K. MILLER will attend to our business in Bloomsburg and is authorized to receive and solicit orders.

We can give the very best references.

GUNTHER & CO.,
Baltimore, M. D.

I. K. MILLER, Dealer in Pianos, Organs and Melodeons has on hand five of the above organs of the best make, sold at $110. Terms easy. June 21

THE GREAT MAGICAL

HAIR FORCER!

Will force a beautiful set of Whiskers or Mustache, in from two to three months, on any person over twelve years old. It is one of the best preparations to make the whiskers grow that ever was known. One bottle of it is sufficient to produce a very strong beard. It does not in any way stain or injure the skin. Try it! It is no humbug. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sent by mail post paid, to any address, on receipt of price. Address WILLIAM C. WAGNER,
Avondale,
Adams County, Penna.
aug 18, 71-1y.

Miscellaneous.

SOMETHING NEW!

The undersigned would hereby give notice that he has just completed A FIRST CLASS HEARSE, and that he has the facilities for carrying on the business of UNDERTAKING in all its branches

IN CITY STYLE.

He has engaged experienced persons who will take charge of the bodies of the deceased as soon as they "shuffle off this mortal coil," and attend to washing them, shaving, dressing, &c. Shrouds furnished also to order. At much expense he has also procured an

IRON ICE BOX,

in which bodies can be preserved in a cleanly and dry condition, thereby furnished for funeral occasions. In short, he is prepared to take charge of a corpse immediately after death, and save friends and relatives all further trouble in regard to it.

He also carries on the business of

CABINET MAKING

Upholstering in all its branches, repairing furniture, repairing work bothered chairs, &c., &c. Piece of furniture on hand for sale, or made to order.

ROBERT KOAN,
Bloomsburg, July 22, 1870-tf.

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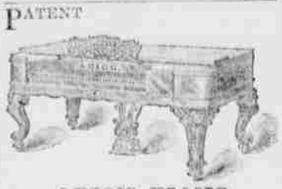

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The only perfect Instrument in the World. It is unequaled in Richness, Power, Brilliancy and Durability. Special Inducements to Agents, Teachers, Clergymen, and for Illustrated Price Pamphlet.

C. W. FOSTER, General Agent,
may 18'71—1y. HARRISBURG, PA.

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Bloomsburg, Pa.

M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER

Have on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

and every description of Wagons both

PLAIN AND FANCY

warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of

ROBES,

of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best materials.

An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that none superior can be found in the country. jan 1'71

GREATEST INVENTION OF THE AGE!

PATENTED DECEMBER 7TH, 1869.

OUR CELEBRATED

GOLDEN FOUNTAIN PEN.

Bearable gold. Adapted to any hand which writes in the best manner. Will not corrode. Every line written with a pen of this gold warranted. Made from selected and tested Gold. Pen can be used either by right or left hand. SOLD EVERYWHERE. Agents wanted for this or other articles. Any person can realize agood pay in selling them. Send for circular and terms. Address, with 25 cents, (which will be returned if pen does not suit) for sample pen, stating size wanted, and where you saw this notice.

GOLDEN PEN CO.,
Box 5643, New York City.
jan 1'71-1y

NEW FIRM AT ORANGEVILLE

IRON FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

GREAT IMPROVEMENTS IN PLOWS AND THRESHING MACHINES.

Mr. Jacob Trivelpiece having purchased the interest of Charles W. Low in the above named works, the business will be continued under the firm name of TRIVELPIECE & WEIRMAN. Having discovered several imperfections in the plows manufactured in Pa., they have strengthened and improved them, and will now offer to the public the best Plow ever offered to the public. They will also continue to manufacture the celebrated Self Sharpening Chilled Plow, which for its absence of anything ever offered to the public, being both practical mechanics, and having had the benefit of the experience of the best workmen in the county, we feel confident that we can offer to the public a plow that will give perfect satisfaction. Plows sharpened at any time free of charge. Repairing done on short notice and at reasonable rates. Castings of all kinds, suitable for Plows, Threshing Machines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Mill Gearing, &c., &c., made to order at the shortest notice and at reasonable rates. Cash paid for old Iron, Brass, Copper, Pewter, Rags, Bones, Tallow, Hides, Furs, Wool, Feathers, Ginseng, Beeswax, Rosin, Rubber, Gum Shellac, Rope, Bagging, Old Books, Paper, Iron, Steel, Rags, Rosin, Tallow, Hides, Furs, Wool, Feathers, Ginseng, Beeswax